

Support team members of the network

TCCON sites in the NH (20)

- Anmyeondo – Tae-Young Goo
- Bialystok – Justus Notholt / Thorsten Warneke
- Bremen – Justus Notholt / Thorsten Warneke
- Burgos – Isamu Morino / Voltaire Velazco
- Pasadena/JPL – Paul Wennberg
- Edwards/Dryden – Laura Iraci
- East Trout Lake – Debra Wunch
- Eureka – Kimberly Strong
- Garmisch – Ralf Sussmann
- Izaña – Matthias Schneider
- Karlsruhe – Frank Hase
- Lamont – Paul Wennberg
- Orleans – Justus Notholt / Thorsten Warneke
- Park Falls – Paul Wennberg
- Paris – Yao Té
- Rikubetsu – Isamu Morino
- Saga – Kei Shiomi
- Sodankyla – Rigel Kivi
- Spitsbergen / Ny Alesund – Justus Notholt
- Tsukuba – Isamu Morino

TCCON sites in the SH (5)

- Ascension Island – Dietrich Feist
- Darwin – David Griffith / Voltaire Velazco
- Lauder – Dave Pollard
- Reunion Island – Martine de Mazière
- Wollongong – David Griffith / Nicholas Deutscher

Upcoming TCCON sites (3)

- Los Alamos – Manvendra Dubey
- Harwell – Damien Weidmann
- Hefei – Cheng Liu

+ contribution from Coleen Roehl, Matthäus Kiel and Geoffrey Toon and other members of TCCON



Overview of the proposed activity



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- Geophysical validation of S5P Methane (CH₄) and Carbon Monoxide (CO) total column products using coinciding data of the Total Carbon Column Observing Network (TCCON)
 - Phase E1 (12 months): Initial validation with rapid delivery data (every 3 months)
 - Phase E2 (7 years): Improvement of ongoing validation strategy, long term validation during the life time of the satellite, revalidation using future versions of TCCON and S5P data products
- Reduction of intercomparison error by using independent profile information as a common prior for satellite and ground based soundings
- Validation with TCCON-constrained global XCH₄ fields
 - Available global XCH₄ fields for S5P
 - ECMWF/Copernicus CAMS project (near real-time)
 - new MPI for Biogeochemistry Jena CH₄ inversion (yearly)
 - Both inversion systems provide global CH₄ fields constrained by S5P-independent observations (in-situ, satellite, TCCON)
 - MPI-BGC inversion can be run TCCON-only constrained to extend TCCON observations to the global scale

The TCCON has been specially created with satellite validation in mind

- Highly homogenized network, global coverage (80° N – 45° S)
- High accuracy / precision (0.2% / 0.3% for CH₄ and 2% / 1% for CO)
- Data is used to validate satellite measurement from GOSAT (TANSO-FTS), ENVISAT (SCIAMACHY) and OCO-2
- TCCON and TROPOMI measure CO and CH₄ in the same spectral region

Sentinel-5 Precursor

- TROPOMI has unprecedented resolution and capabilities: global daily coverage with 7x7 km² pixel size and 2600 km swath width.
- TROPOMI observes the CO global abundance in the 2.3 μm (2305-2385 nm) spectral range in the SWIR spectral region. TROPOMI clear-sky observations provide CO total columns with sensitivity to the tropospheric boundary layer.
- TROPOMI will use the absorption information from the Oxygen-A Band (757-774 nm) and the SWIR spectral channel (2305-2385 nm) to retrieve the CH₄ global abundance in the Earth's atmosphere.

Table I – Sentinel-5P TROPOMI mandatory atmospheric composition data products addressed by this project

Parameter	Data Product	Vertical resolution	Systematic Uncertainty Requirement	Random Uncertainty Requirement
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	Total CO	Total column	15%	<10%
Methane (CH ₄)	Total CH ₄	Total column	1.5%	1%

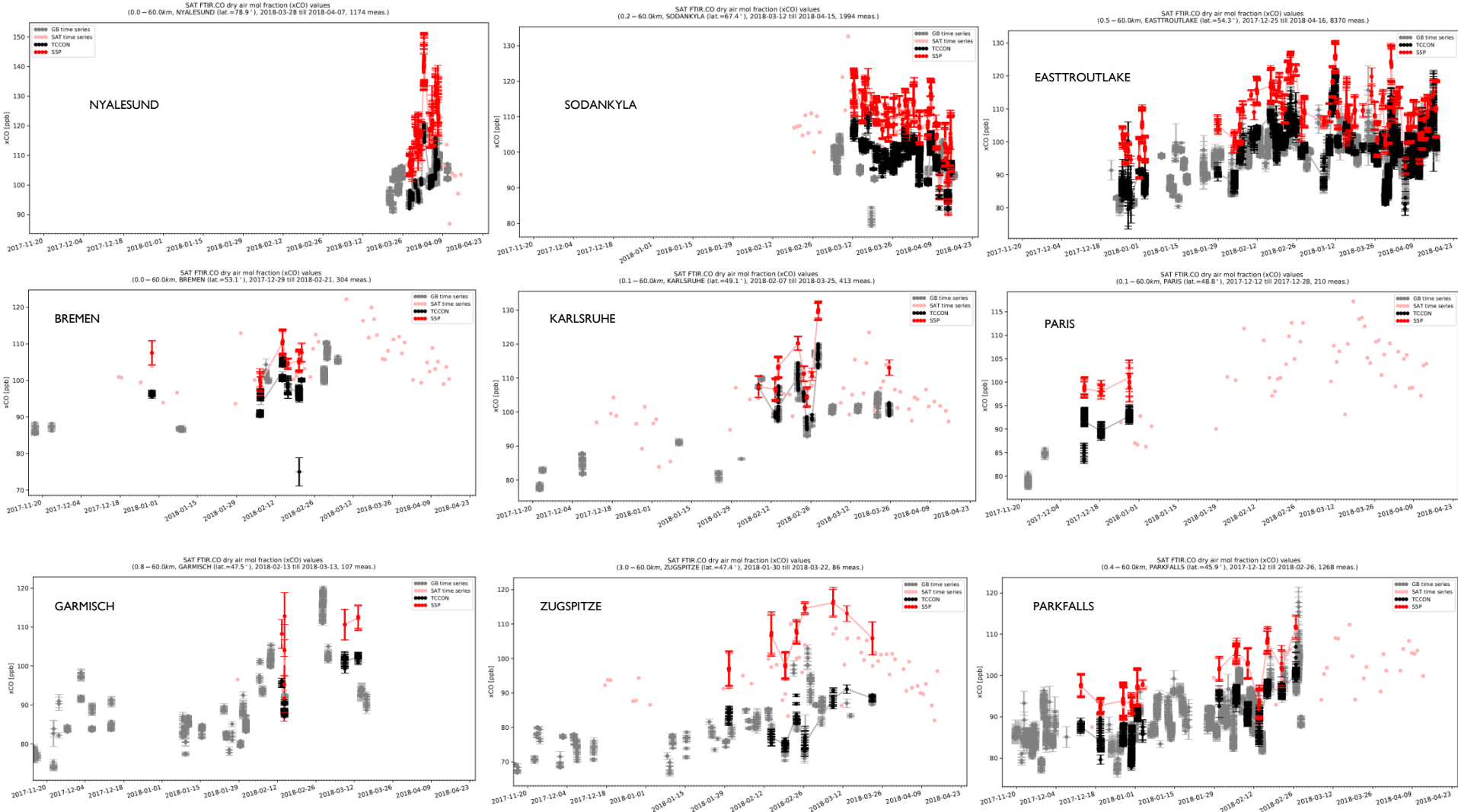
Validation during S5P phase E1

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- Period of study: 17 November 2017 – 25 April 2018
- TCCON data provided by 20 stations (**fast data delivery**).
Missing stations: mostly have instrumental problems or not yet ready with fast data delivery.
- S5P data from Mission Performance Centre (MPC) provided by the Payload Data Ground Segment (PDGS) at DLR (**Preliminary data for Phase E1**).
- Coincidence criteria for CO and CH₄: Time delta = 3 hours; sensitive on the LOS = 5 km; Geo-distance delta = 30 km from the effective location on LOS. Filtering: SZA < 80; VAA > 0; VZA < 65; From the coincident and filtered satellite measurements an average of all pixels is taken for each TCCON measurements.
- Validation for CO: S5P CO a priori is substituted with the TCCON CO a priori (Rodgers, 2003)
- Validation for CH₄: direct comparison of the total column CH₄ of S5P and TCCON.

Validation plots for CO

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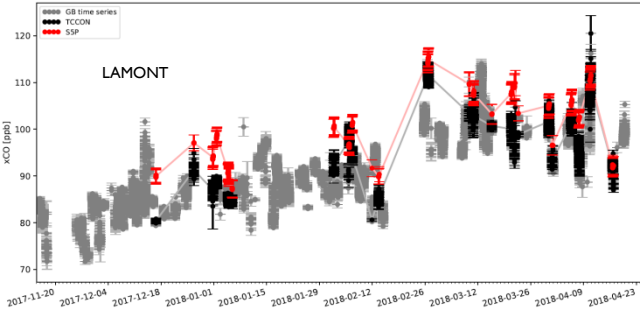


GB time series (grey): all TCCON measurements; SAT time series (light red): mean of all SAT measurements which pass the coincidence criteria; TCCON (black): coincidence TCCON measurements; SAT (red): coincidence TCCON S5P measurements.

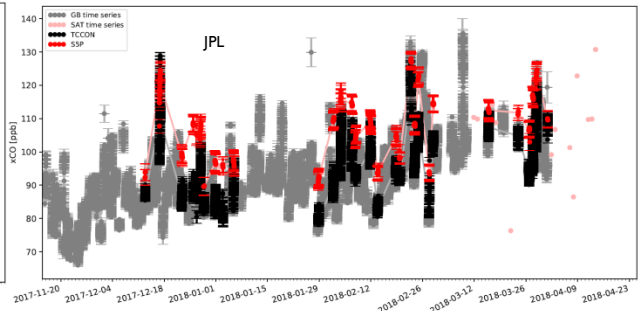
Validation plots for CO

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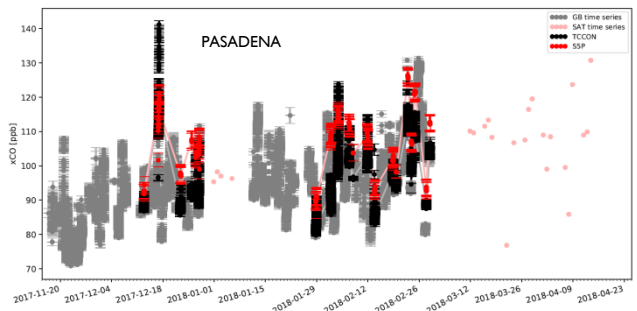
SAT FTIR CO dry air mol fraction (xCO) values
(0.3 – 60.0km, LAMONT (lat.=36.6°), 2017-12-16 till 2018-04-16, 1819 meas.)



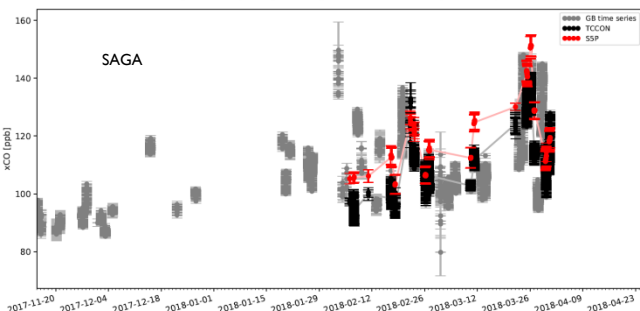
SAT FTIR CO dry air mol fraction (xCO) values
(0.4 – 60.0km, JPL (lat.=34.2°), 2017-12-12 till 2018-03-31, 4126 meas.)



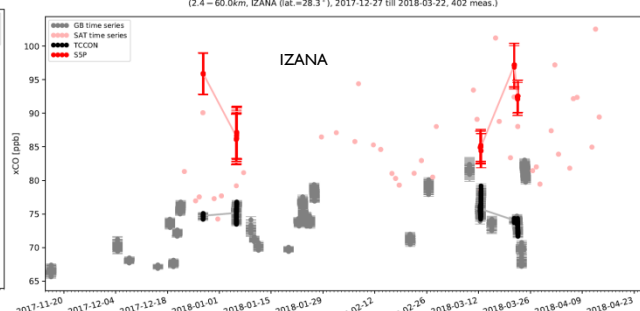
SAT FTIR CO dry air mol fraction (xCO) values
(0.2 – 60.0km, PASADENA (lat.=34.1°), 2017-12-12 till 2018-02-28, 2517 meas.)



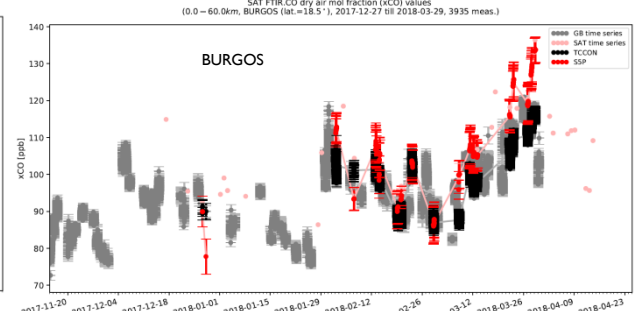
SAT FTIR CO dry air mol fraction (xCO) values
(0.0 – 60.0km, SAGA (lat.=33.2°), 2018-02-06 till 2018-03-31, 2044 meas.)



SAT FTIR CO dry air mol fraction (xCO) values
(2.4 – 60.0km, IZANA (lat.=28.3°), 2017-12-27 till 2018-03-22, 402 meas.)

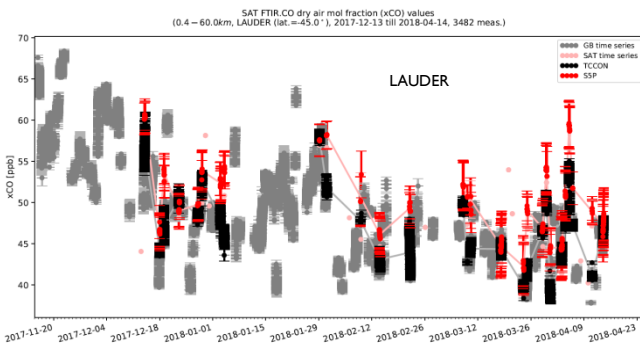
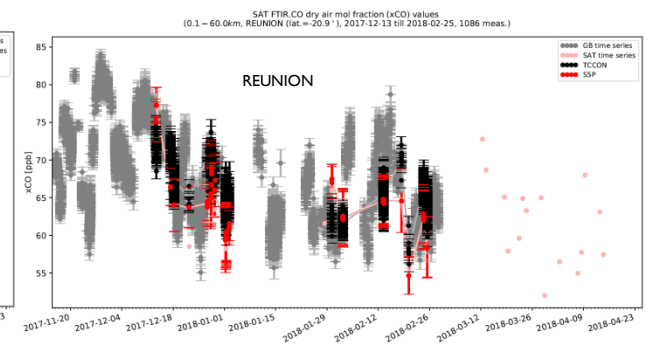
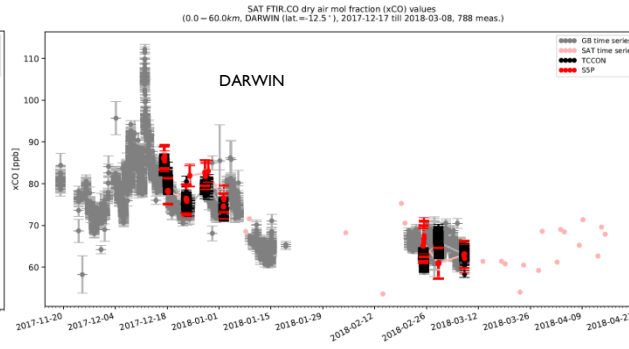
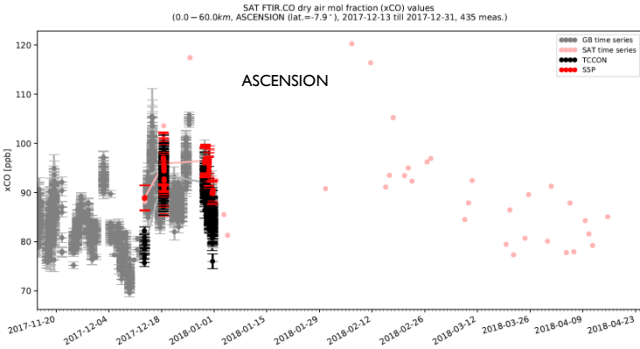


SAT FTIR CO dry air mol fraction (xCO) values
(0.0 – 60.0km, BURGOS (lat.=18.5°), 2017-12-27 till 2018-03-29, 3935 meas.)



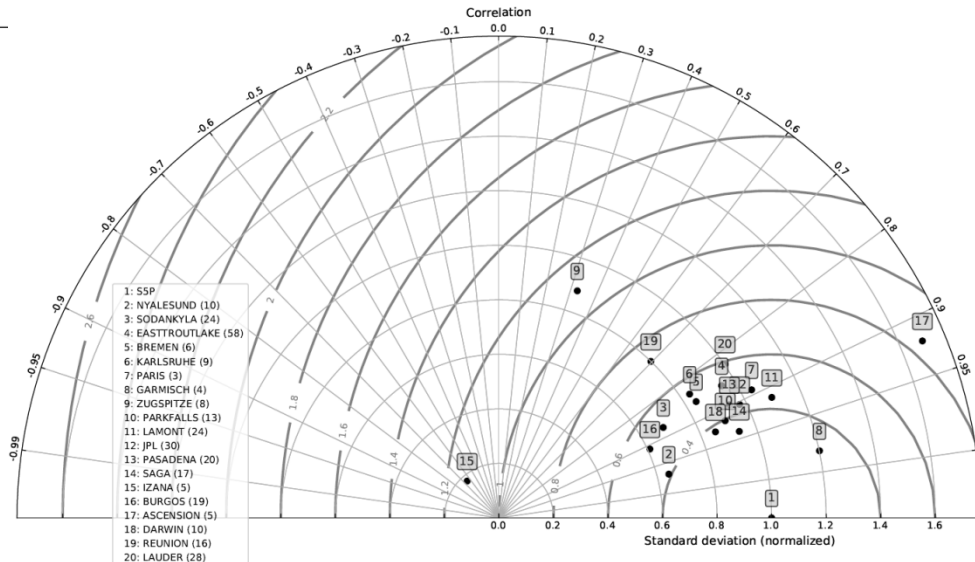
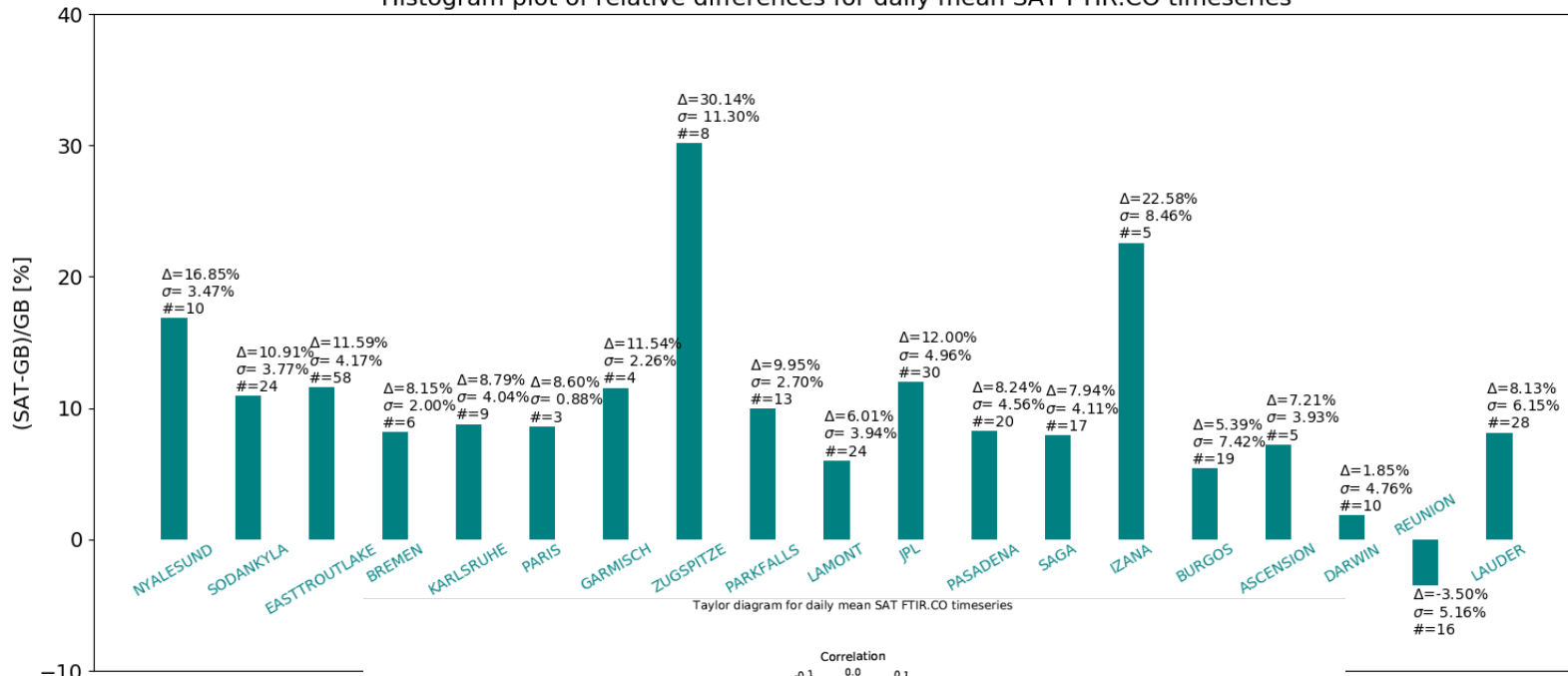
Validation plots for CO

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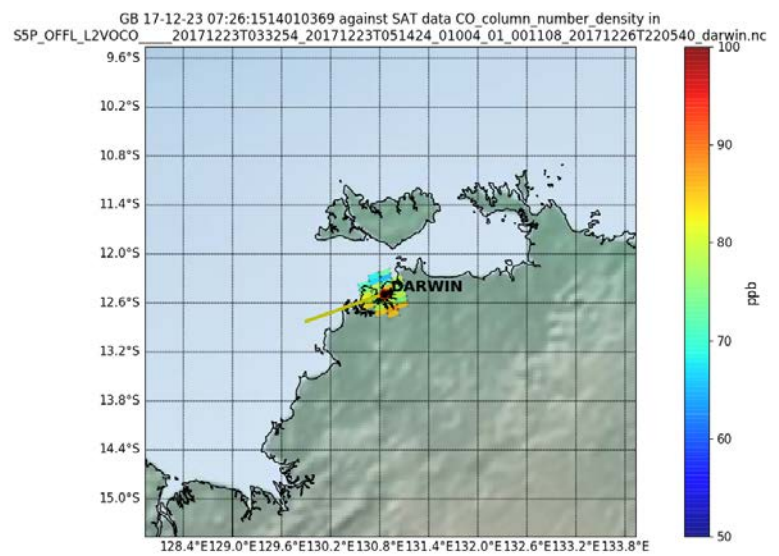
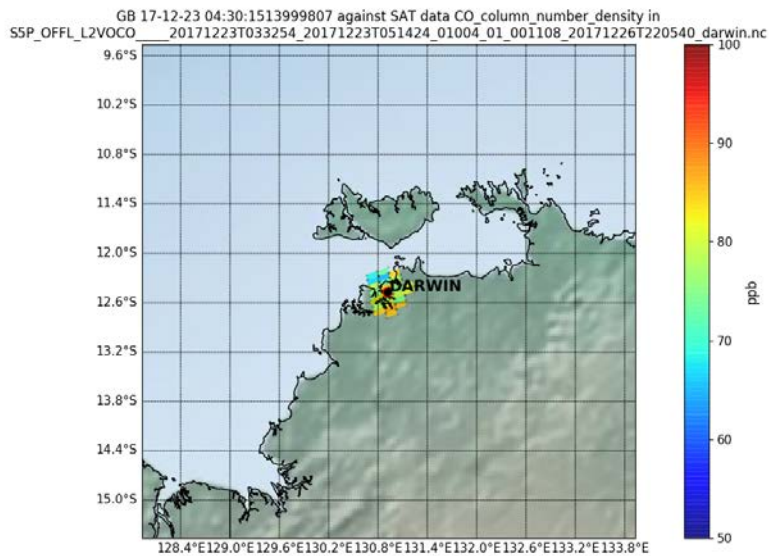
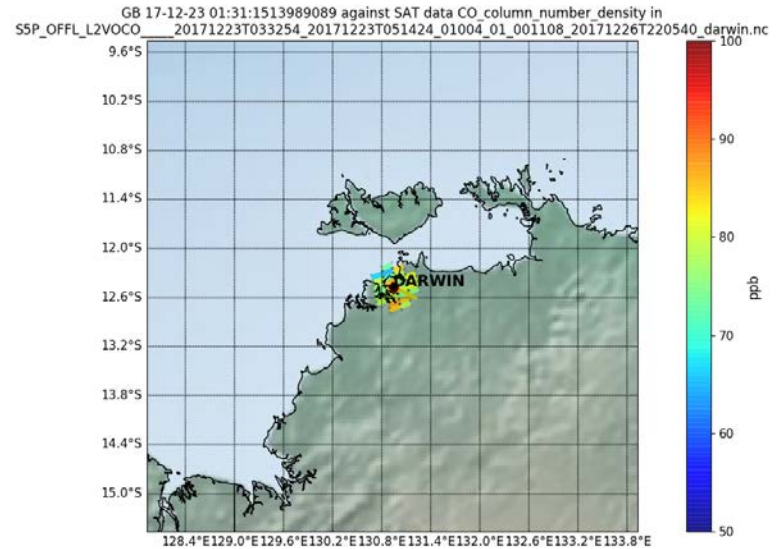
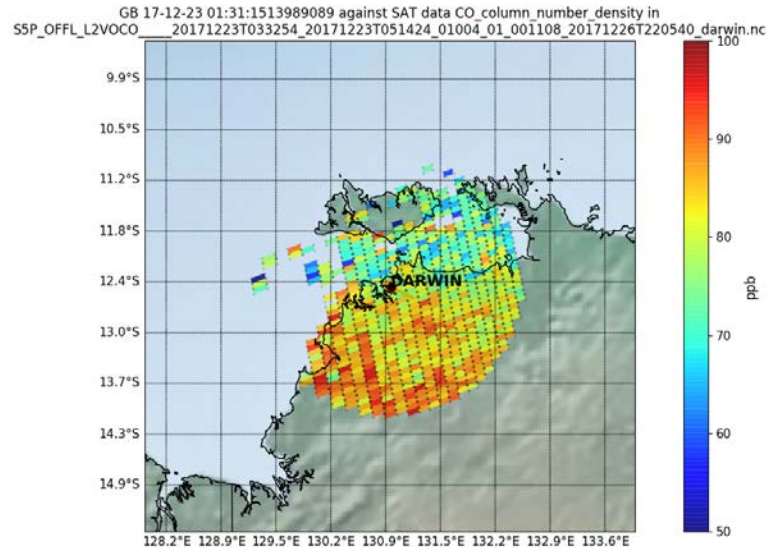
Validation plots for CO

Histogram plot of relative differences for daily mean SAT FTIR.CO timeseries



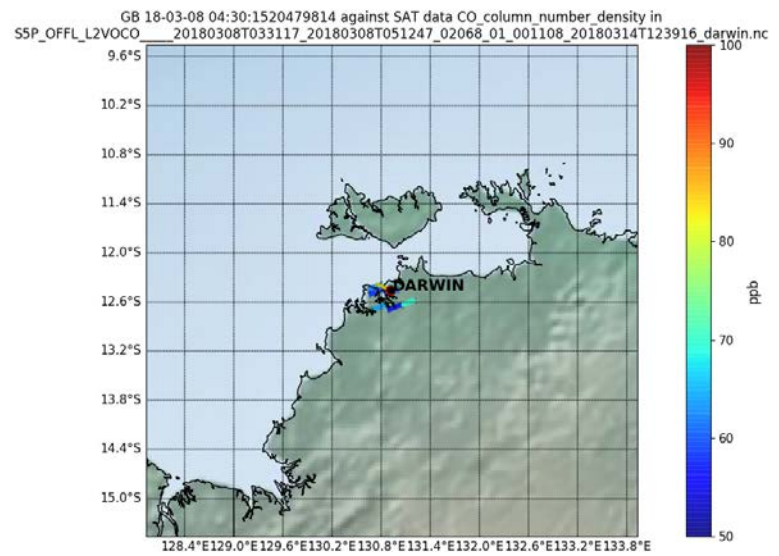
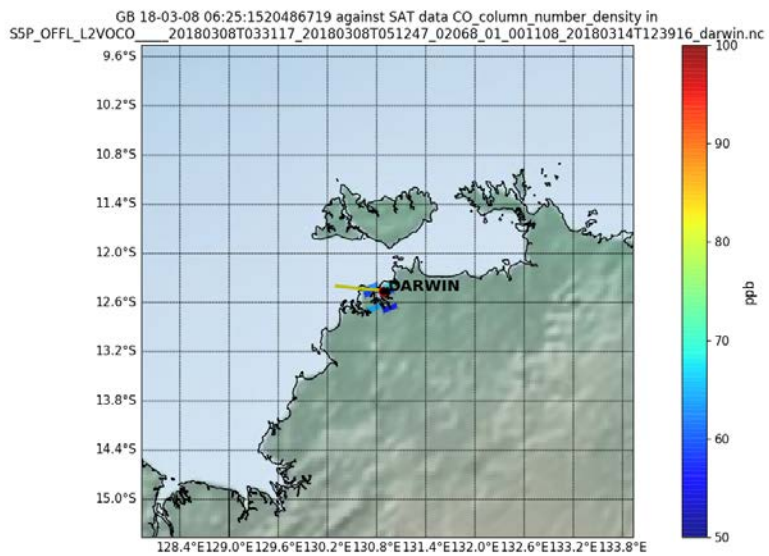
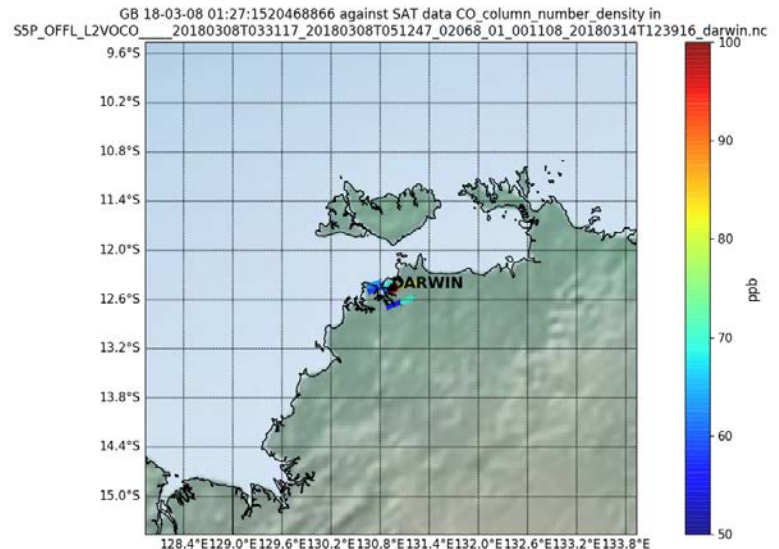
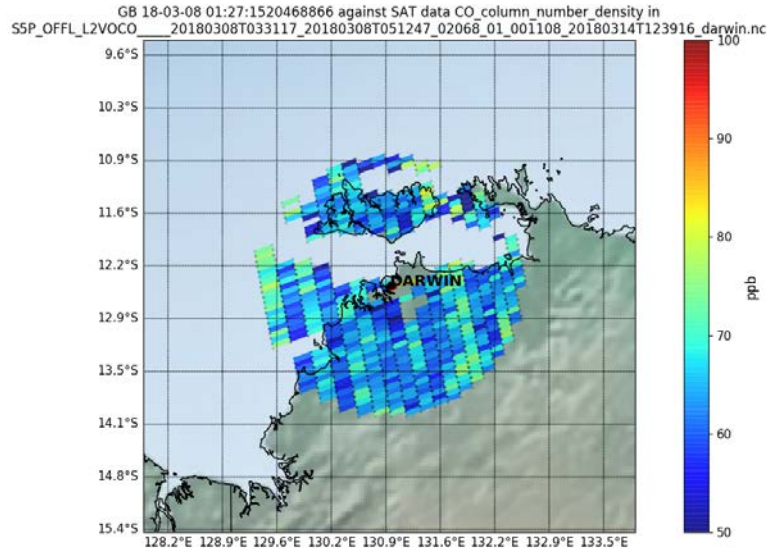
Validation plots for CO – Darwin (40 m)

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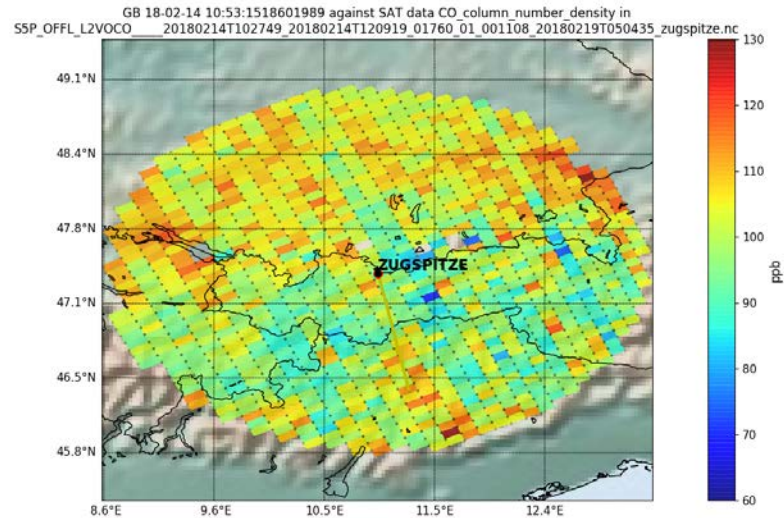


Validation plots for CO – Darwin (40 m)

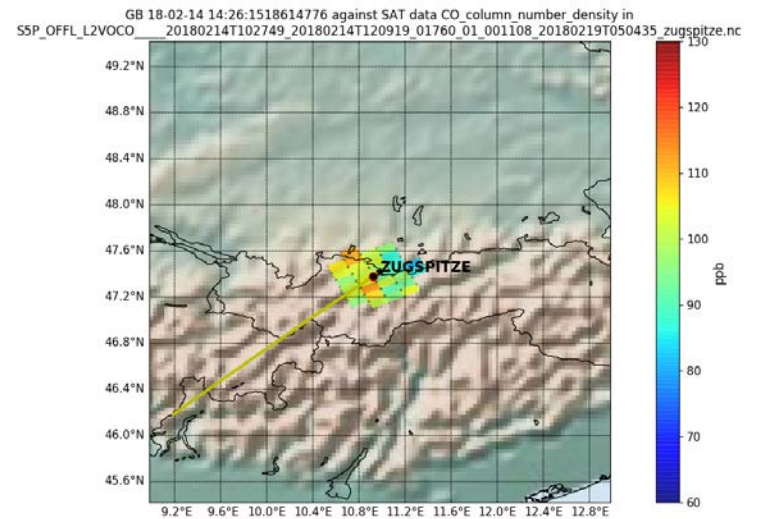
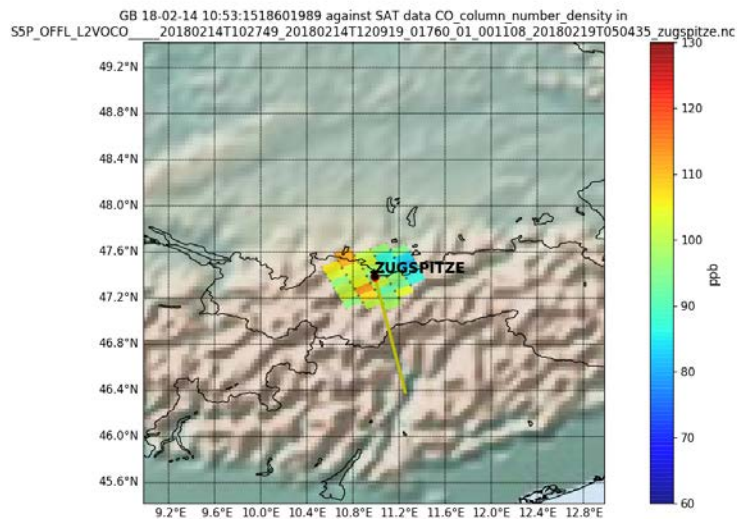
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Validation plots for CO – Zugspitze (2960 m)

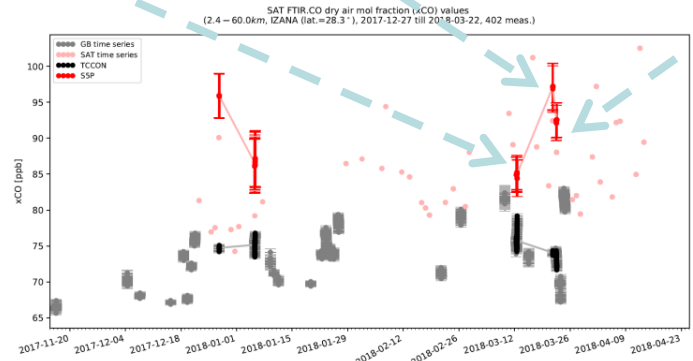
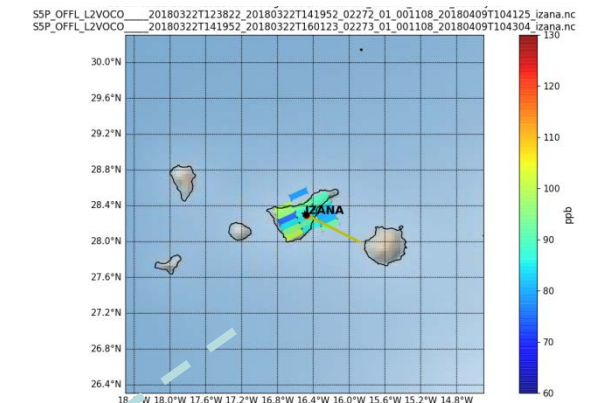
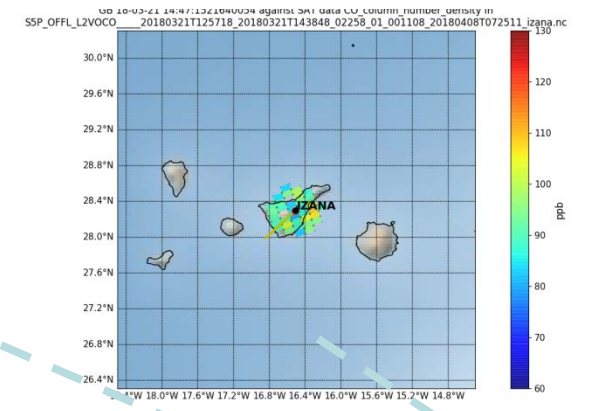
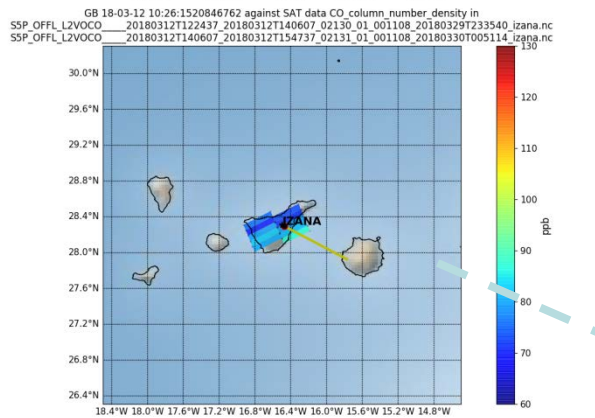
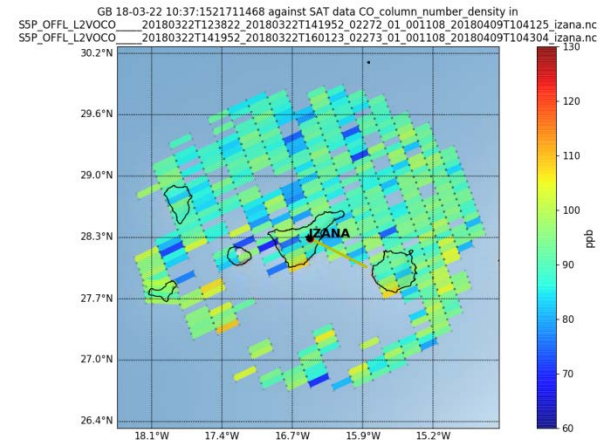
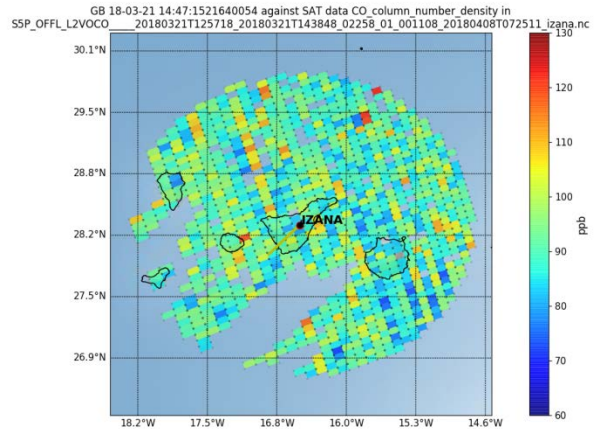
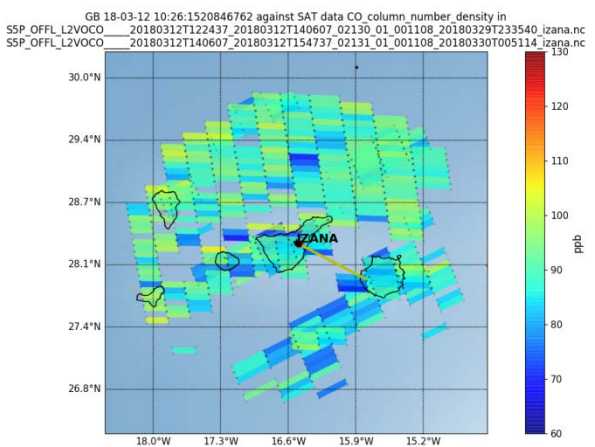


SAZ variation for 6 hrs coincidence criterion



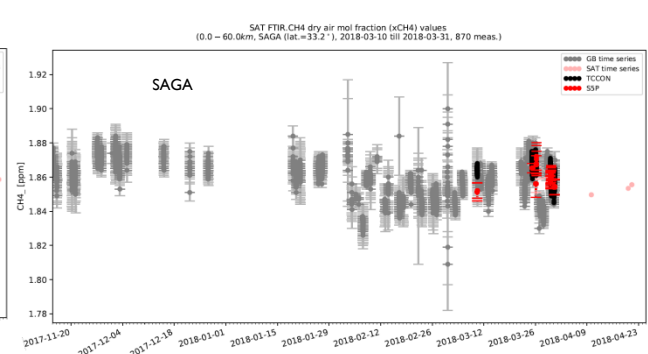
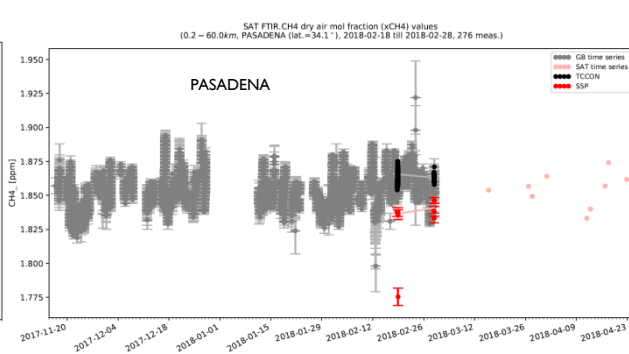
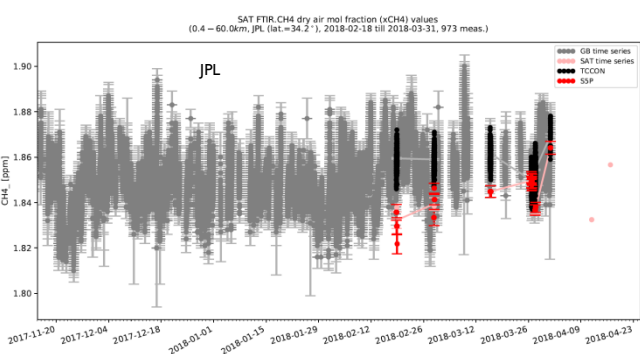
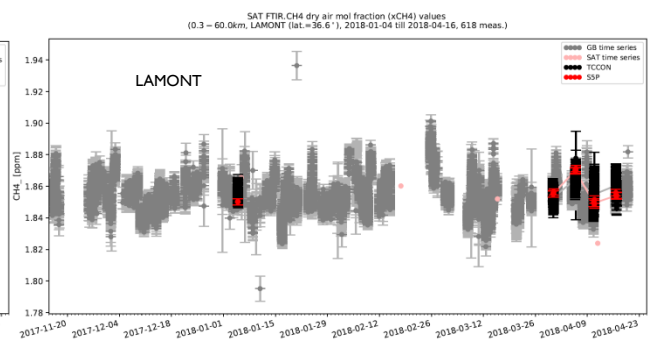
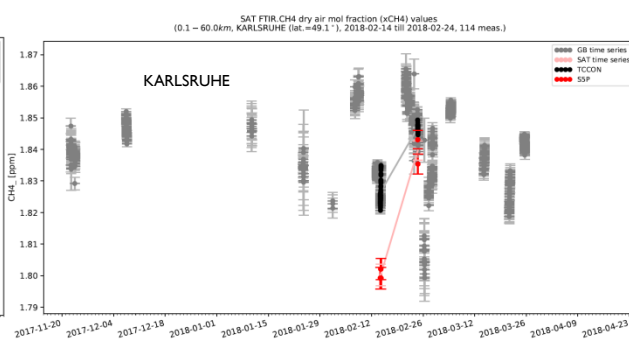
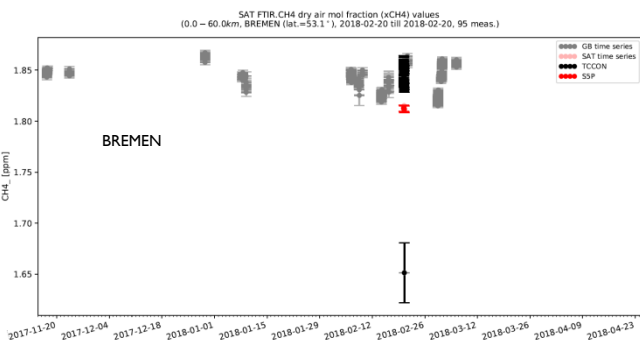
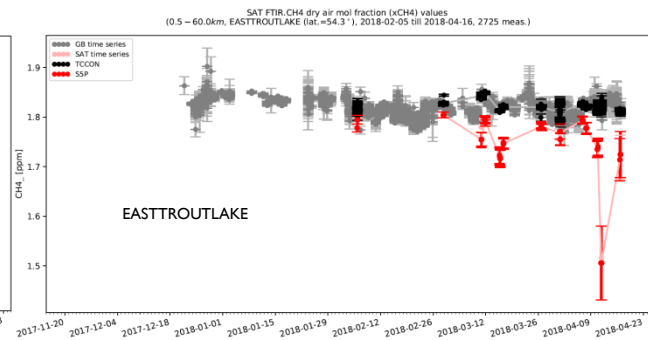
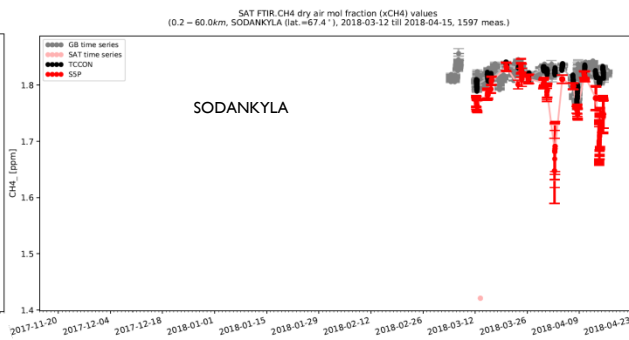
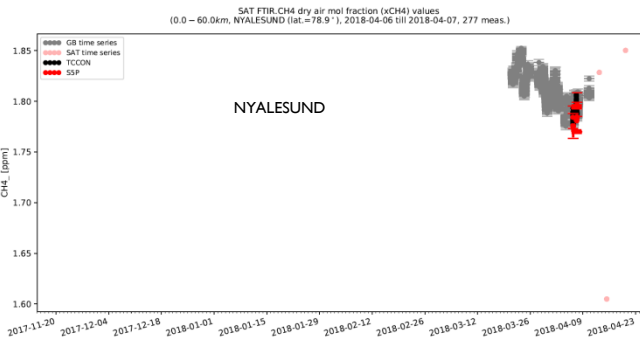
Validation plots for CO – Izana (2370 m)

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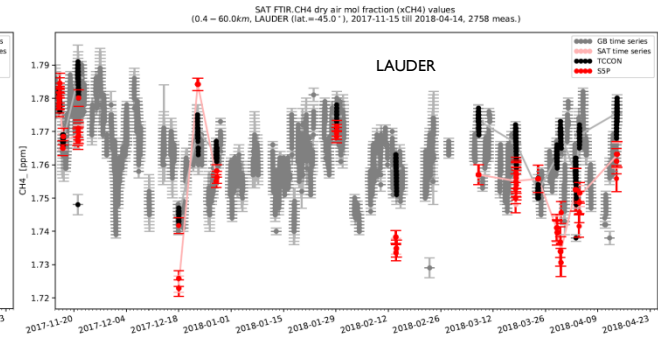
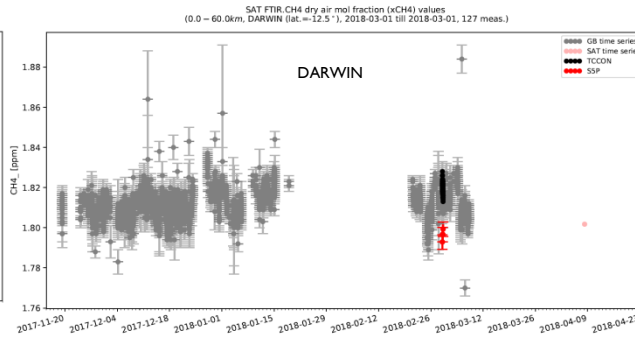
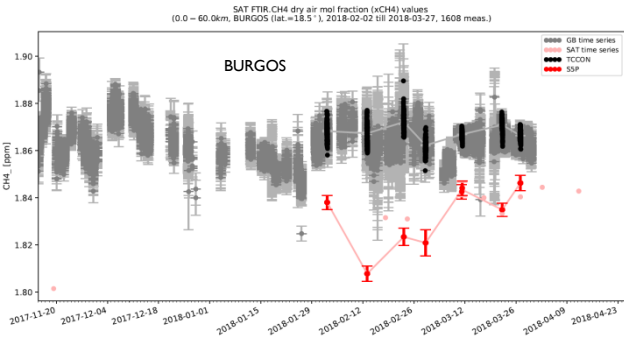
Validation plots for CH4

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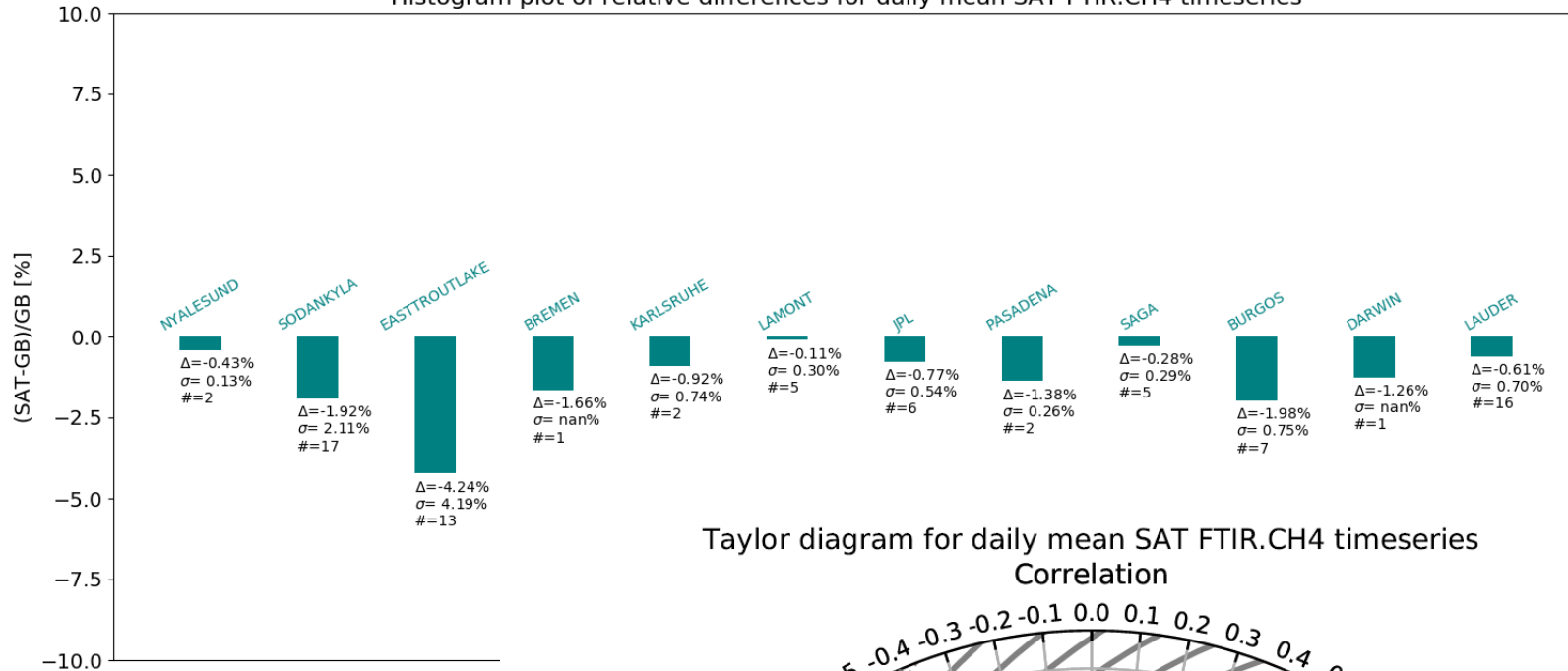
Validation plots for CH4

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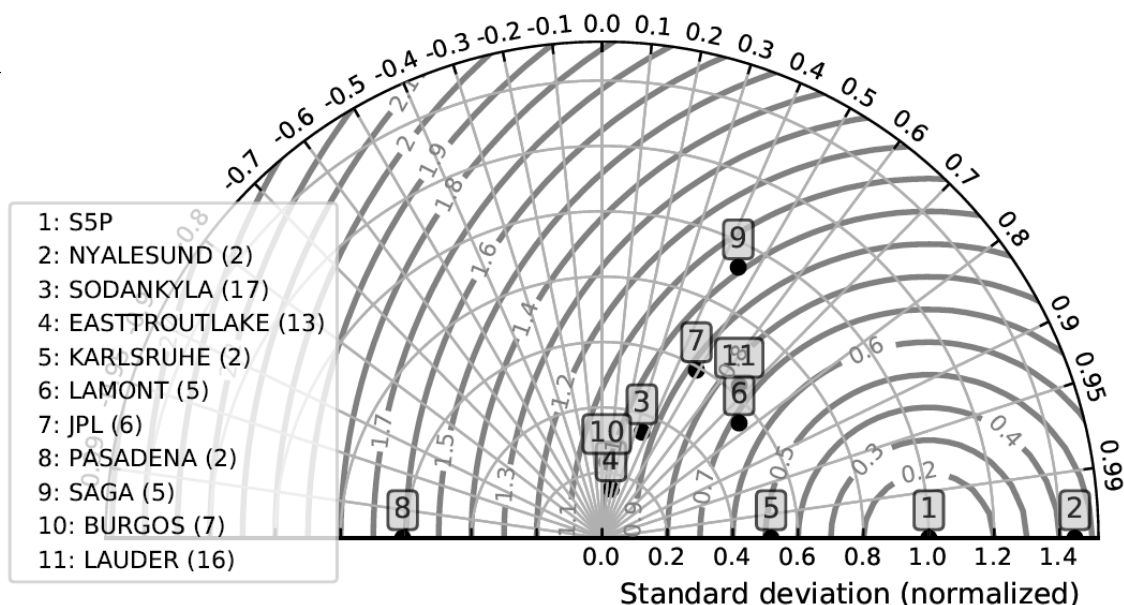


Validation plots for CH4

Histogram plot of relative differences for daily mean SAT FTIR.CH4 timeseries



Taylor diagram for daily mean SAT FTIR.CH4 timeseries
Correlation



Summary and outlook

- Preliminary data with very few coincidences for several sites.
- CO: positive bias for all stations except Réunion; mean bias (systematic uncertainty) and scatter (random uncertainty) except for 2 mountain stations (comparison need improvement and more data for these sites) are already compliant with mission requirements.
- CH₄: not enough S5P data – processing undergoing; so far negative bias for all stations; measurement during mostly NH winter season → under polar vortex conditions; high bias for high latitude stations; other stations which have good coincidences show the bias and scatter within the mission requirements.
- More TCCON data will be added when we will have the new TROPOMI data and re-processing of the existing data.
- Validation studies comparing seasonal cycles with improved coincidence criteria.

Notes

Disclaimer: The presented work has been performed in the frame of the Sentinel-5 Precursor Validation Team (S5PVT) or Level 1/Level 2 Product Working Group activities. Results are based on preliminary (not fully calibrated/validated) Sentinel-5 Precursor data that will still change.

Acknowledgements: Sentinel-5 Precursor is a European Space Agency (ESA) mission on behalf of the European Commission (EC). The TROPOMI payload is a joint development by ESA and the Netherlands Space Office (NSO). The Sentinel-5 Precursor ground-segment development has been funded by ESA and with national contributions from The Netherlands, Germany, and Belgium.

This validation work has been funded by Belgian national agency (BELSPO) through the TROVA project, and the TCCON data have been funded by the individual national agencies of each partner.

Thank you for your attention!