



# Application of TanSat algorithm on GOSAT observation -ATANGO and OCO-2 XCO<sub>2</sub> retrieval: validation, inter-comparison and new approach

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Xi Chen, Zhaonan Cai & TanSat Team

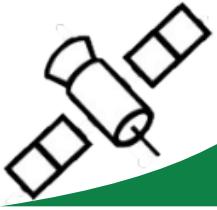
*Institute of Atmospheric Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences*



**5<sup>th</sup> GOSAT RA PI program**  
**Application of TanSat retrieval algorithm on GOSAT Observation (ATanGO)**

# CONTENT

- 1 Introduction of TanSat
- 2 TanSat Retrieval algorithm and experiments
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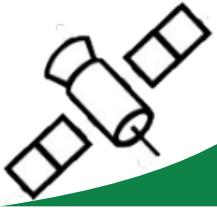


# TanSat: satelite

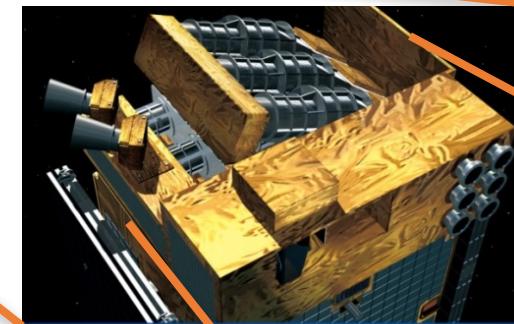
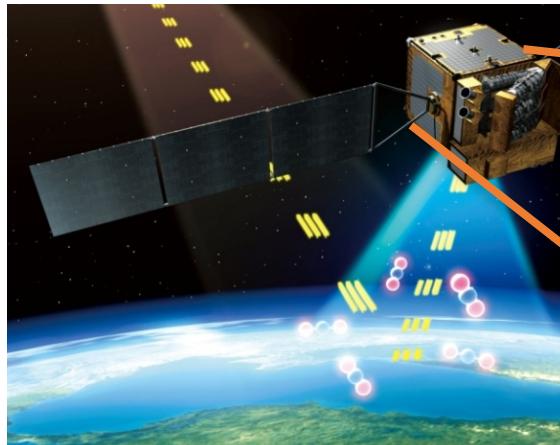


Name	Characters
Orbit type	sun-synchronous
Altitude	700 km
Inclination	98°
Local time	13:30 ±30min
Weight	500Kg

- Nadir mode-** Observation over land
- Push broom
  - Principle plane track
- Sun-glint mode-** Observation over ocean
- Sun glint track
  - Principle plane track
- Target mode-** Validation
- Surface target track
  - Multi angles for one target



# Instrument onboard TanSat



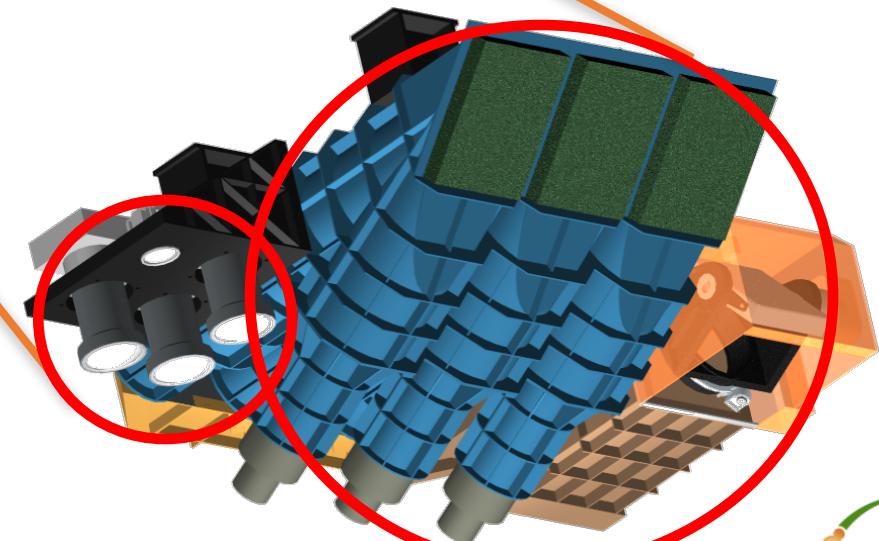
## Cloud and Aerosol Polarization Imager - CAPI

- A wide field of view moderate resolution imaging spectrometer with polarization channel
- Ultraviolet:  $0.38\mu\text{m}$
- Visible:  $0.67\mu\text{m}$
- Near infrared:  $0.87$ ,  $1.375$  and  $1.64\mu\text{m}$
- **Polarization:  $0.67$  &  $1.64\mu\text{m}$**

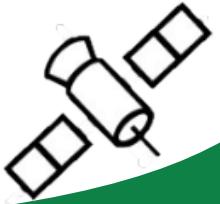
## Atmospheric Carbon dioxide Grating

### Spectrometer-ACGS

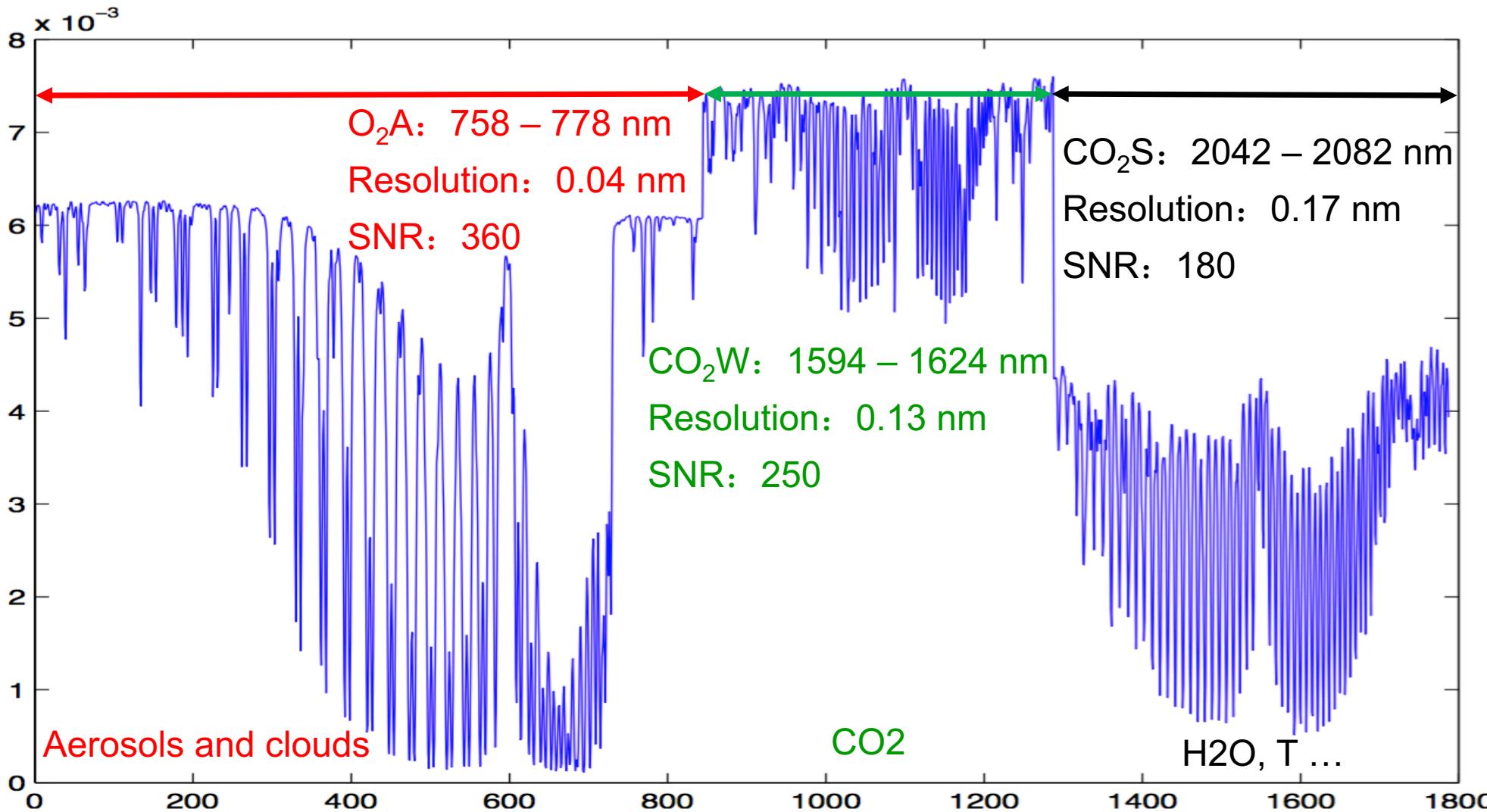
- $0.76\mu\text{m}$ , O<sub>2</sub> A-band
- $1.61$  and  $2.06\mu\text{m}$ , CO<sub>2</sub> bands

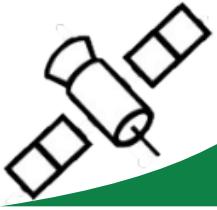


TanSat

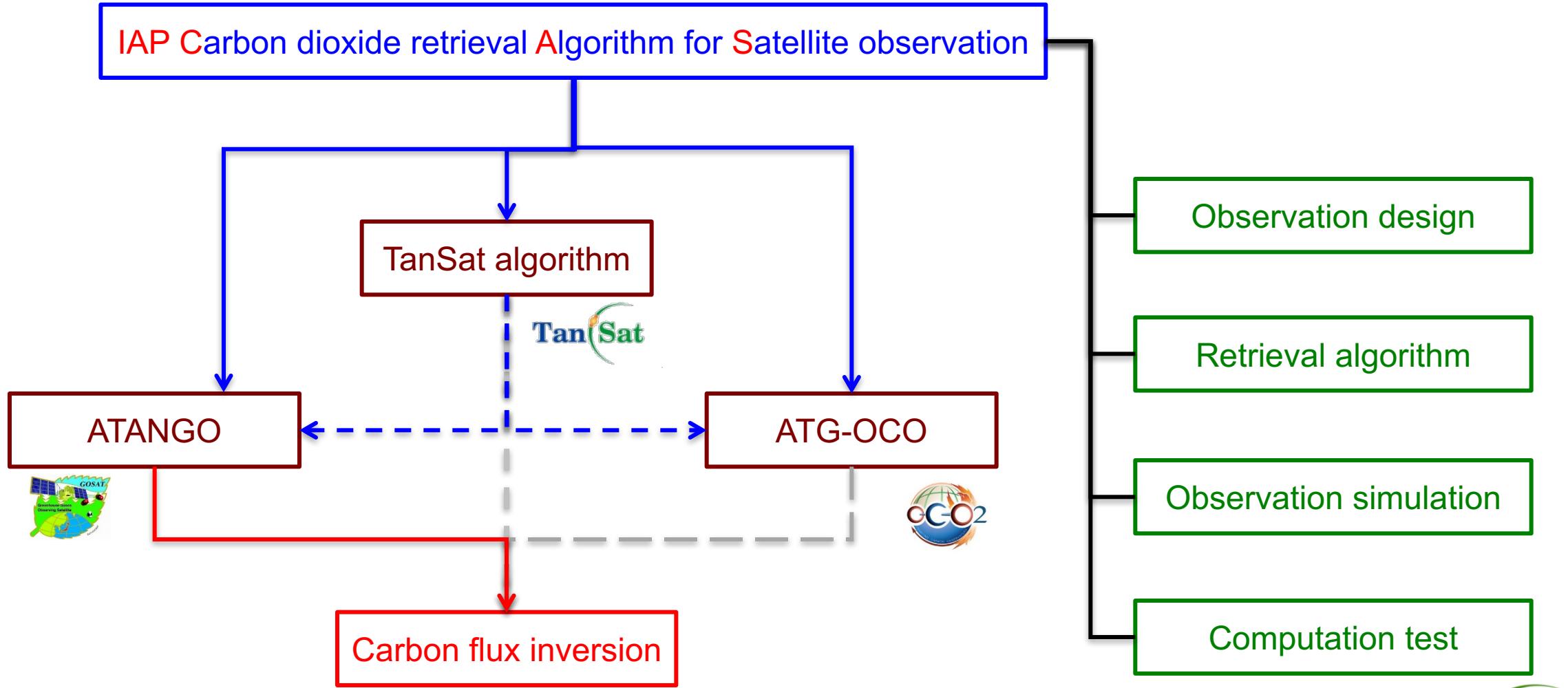


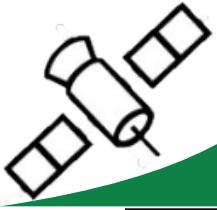
# TanSat measurement





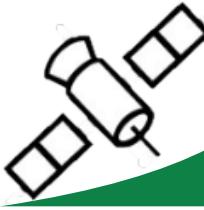
# Retrieval algorithm



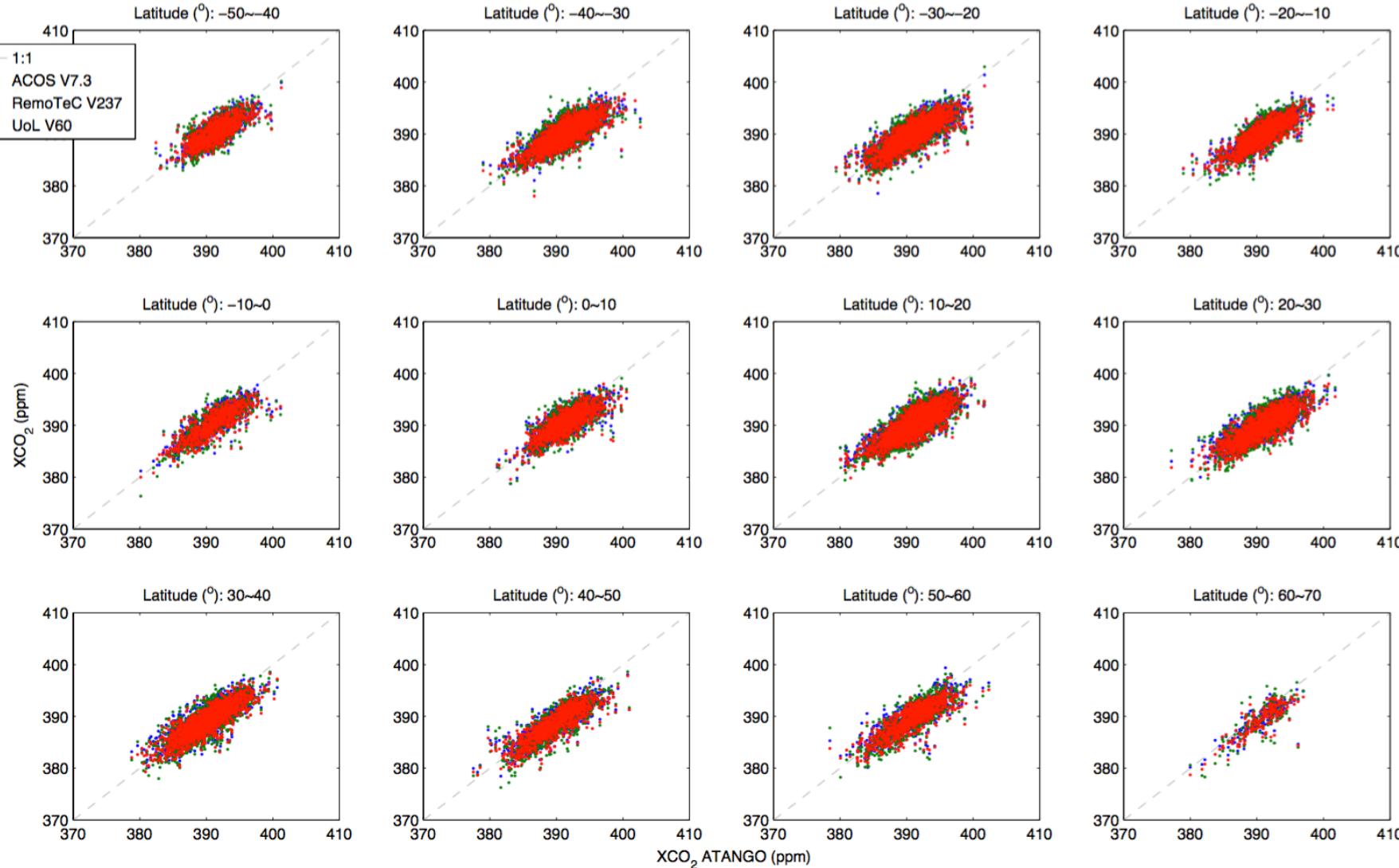


# State Vector

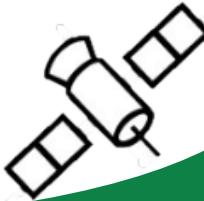
State vector element	Quantity	A priori	A priori error ( $1\sigma$ )	Note
CO <sub>2</sub> profile	21	Climatology model	Climatology model	XCO <sub>2</sub> @ each layer boundary
Water vapor scale	1	1.0	0.5	Water vapor profile is from ECMWF
Temperature shift	1	0K	5K	Temperature profile is from ECMWF
Surface pressure	1	ECMWF	4hPa	
Aerosol	Total optical depth	1	Fixed value: 0.05	Fixed value: 5 times In logarithm
	Profile height	1	Fixed value: 1km	Fixed value: 2km
	Profile width	1	Fixed value: 1km	Fixed value: 2km
	Scattering particle size distribution	1	Fixed value: 0.1 um	Fixed value: 5 times In logarithm
	Absorption particle ratio in optical depth	1	Fixed value: 0.2	Fixed value: 5 times In logarithm
Cirrus	Total optical depth	1	Fixed value: 0.05	Fixed value: 5 times In logarithm
	Profile height	1	Fixed value: 9km	Fixed value: 1km
	Scattering effective radius	1	Fixed value: 30um	Fixed value: 2 times In logarithm
	Absorption effective radius	1	Fixed value: 30um	Fixed value: 2 times In logarithm
Albedo	6	Measurement	1.0	Albedo and slope for each band
Wind speed	1	ECMWF	5 m s <sup>-1</sup>	Glint mode
Dispersion offset	3	Measurement	0.5 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Only shift in GOSAT
Fluorescence	1	0	0.001 w m <sup>-2</sup> sr <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>-1</sup>	Shot-cut



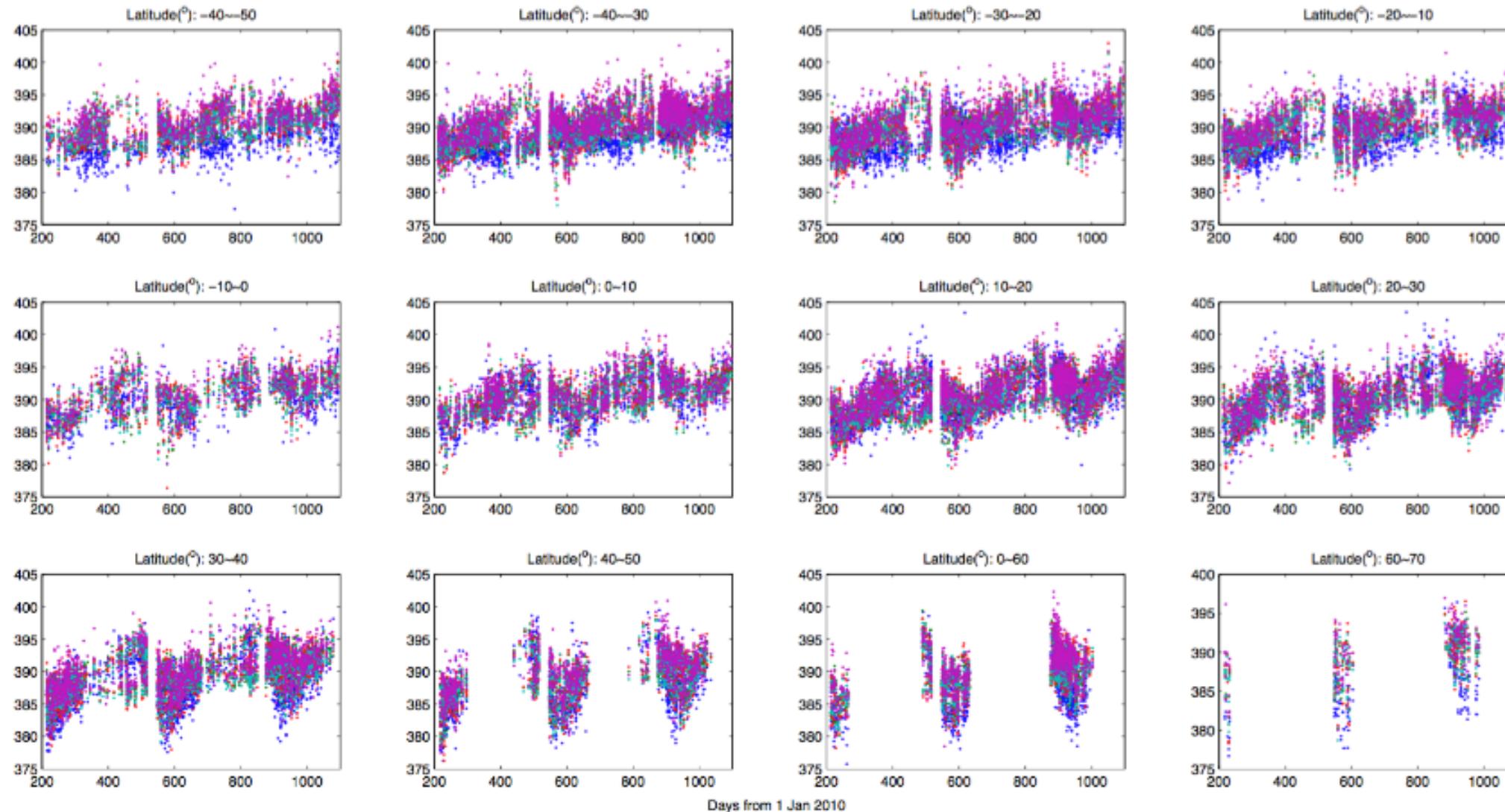
# GOSAT retrieval: Inter comparison



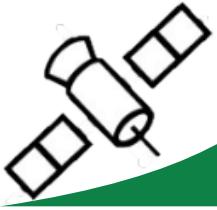
- 10 degree latitude belt
- consistence in all latitude belt



# GOSAT retrieval: Inter comparison

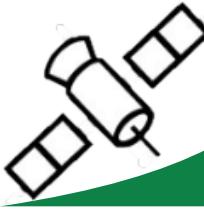


- 10 degree latitude belt
- Season variation
- ATANGO agrees well with other algorithm
- NIES-FP V221
- ACOS V7.3
- RemoTeC v237
- UoL V60
- ATANGO V1.3

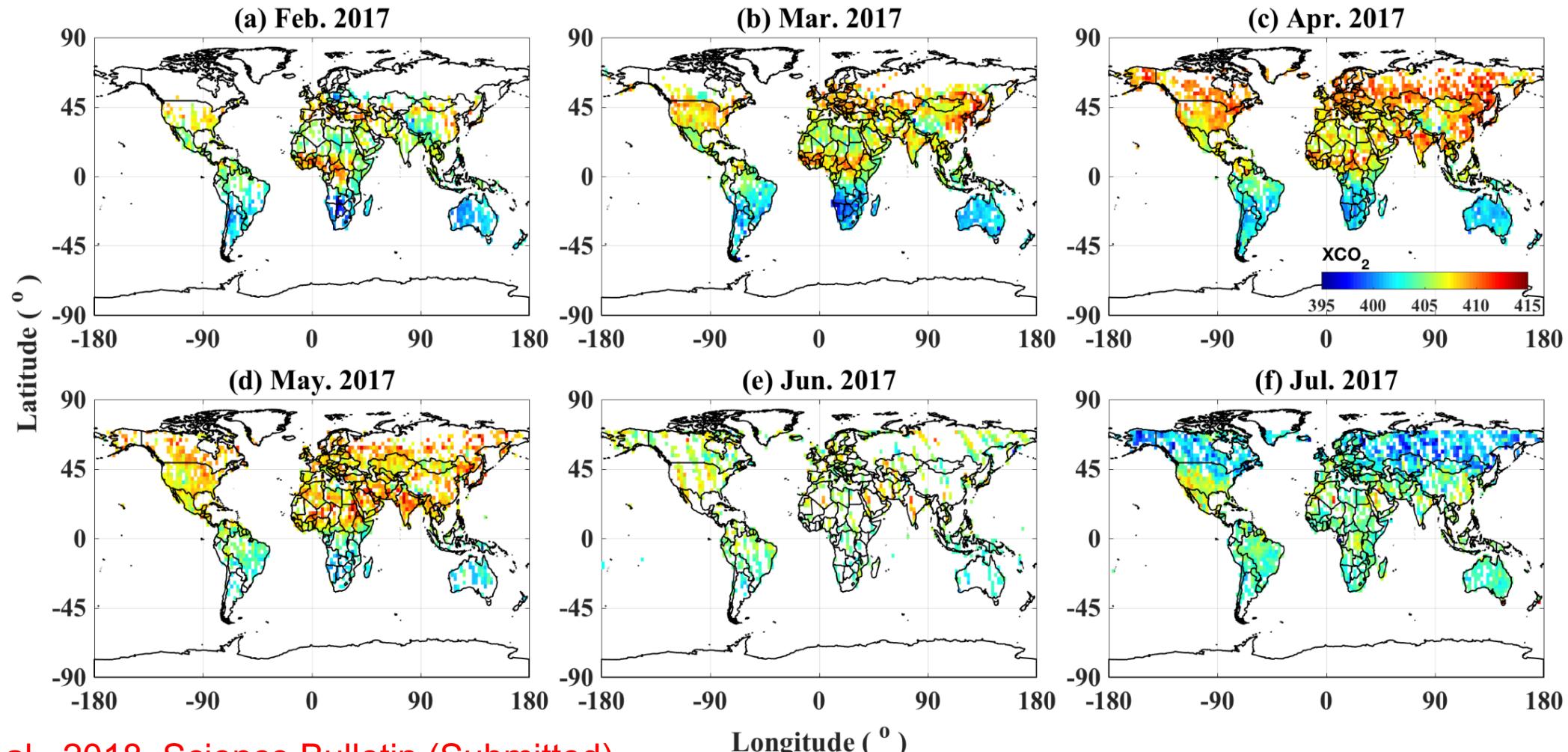


# GOSAT retrieval: Inter comparison

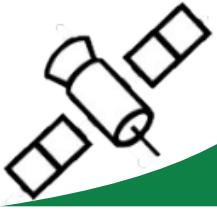
TCCON site	Retrieval error (accuracy + precision) <b>Before bias correction</b>				
	NIES-FP	ACOS	RemoTeC	UOL-FP	ATANGO
Bialystok	0.04±1.38	1.09±1.75	-2.14±2.53	0.63±1.55	-0.22±2.06
Darwin	-0.96±1.55	-0.17±1.33	-1.38±1.79	1.05±1.74	1.57±2.78
Garmisch	0.62±1.69	2.16±2.54	-1.08±1.54	1.86±2.26	1.40±2.23
Karlsruhe	0.02±1.42	2.41±2.76	-1.31±1.88	1.95±2.30	0.42±1.71
Lamont	-1.46±1.91	-0.76±1.59	-2.81±3.01	0.12±1.05	-0.04±1.60
Lauder	-0.84±1.52	0.43±1.27	-1.89±2.01	1.10±1.60	1.17±1.26
Orleans	-0.28±1.88	1.43±2.07	-1.89±2.62	0.94±1.86	0.37±1.74
ParkFalls	0.58±1.88	1.34±2.12	-1.74±2.18	1.32±1.77	0.61±1.64
Saga	0.41±1.82	-1.34±2.88	-0.63±0.63	2.18±2.68	0.81±2.42
Sodankyla	0.19±1.59	2.80±3.35	-1.05±1.95	1.88±2.18	0.39±2.23
Tuskuba	1.75±2.50	3.52±3.72	0.49±1.40	1.71±2.33	3.71±4.01
Wollongong	-0.90±1.86	0.45±1.30	-1.77±2.28	0.85±1.61	1.18±1.52



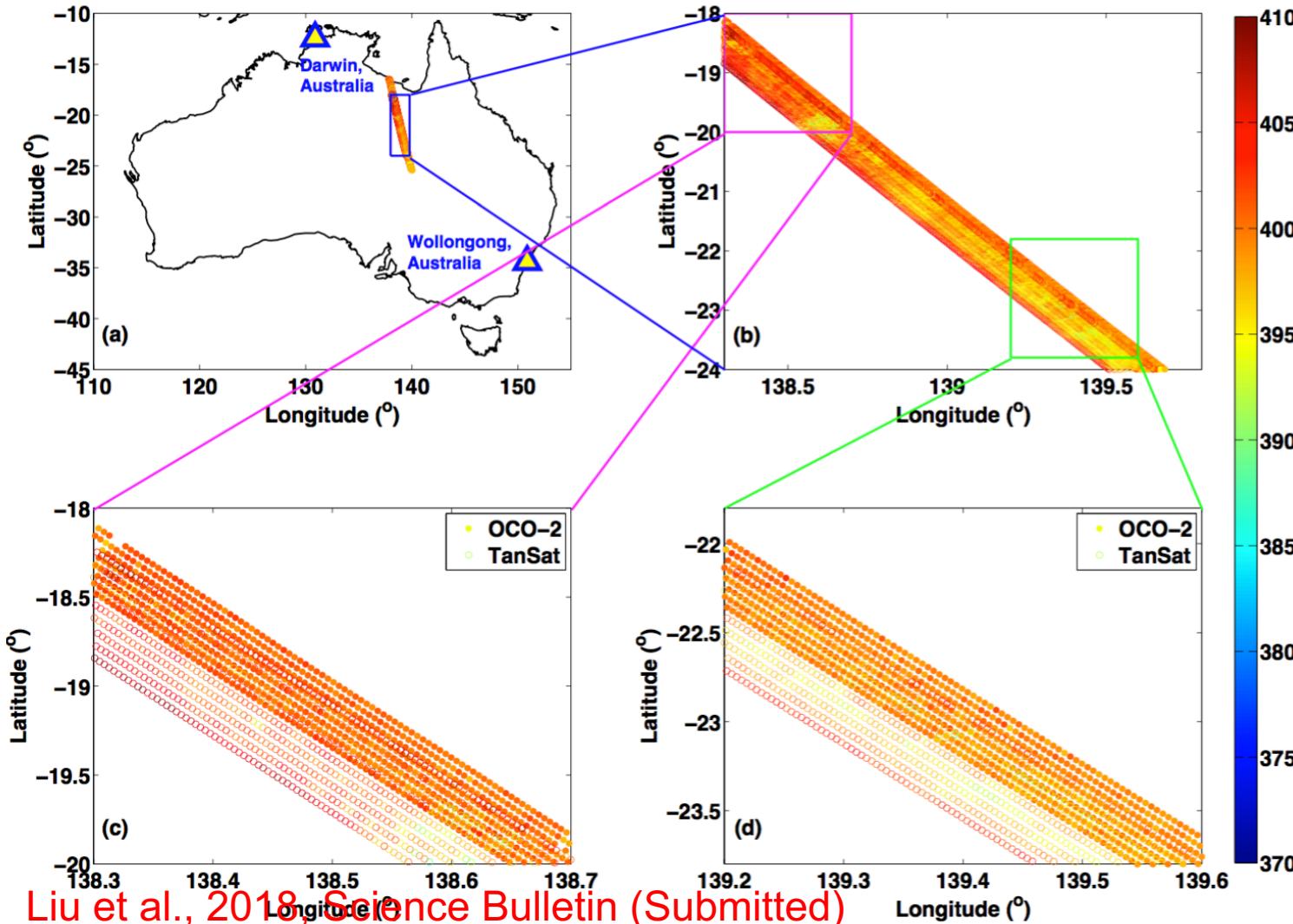
# Global distribution of TanSat XCO<sub>2</sub>



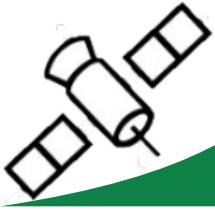
Liu et al., 2018, Science Bulletin (Submitted)



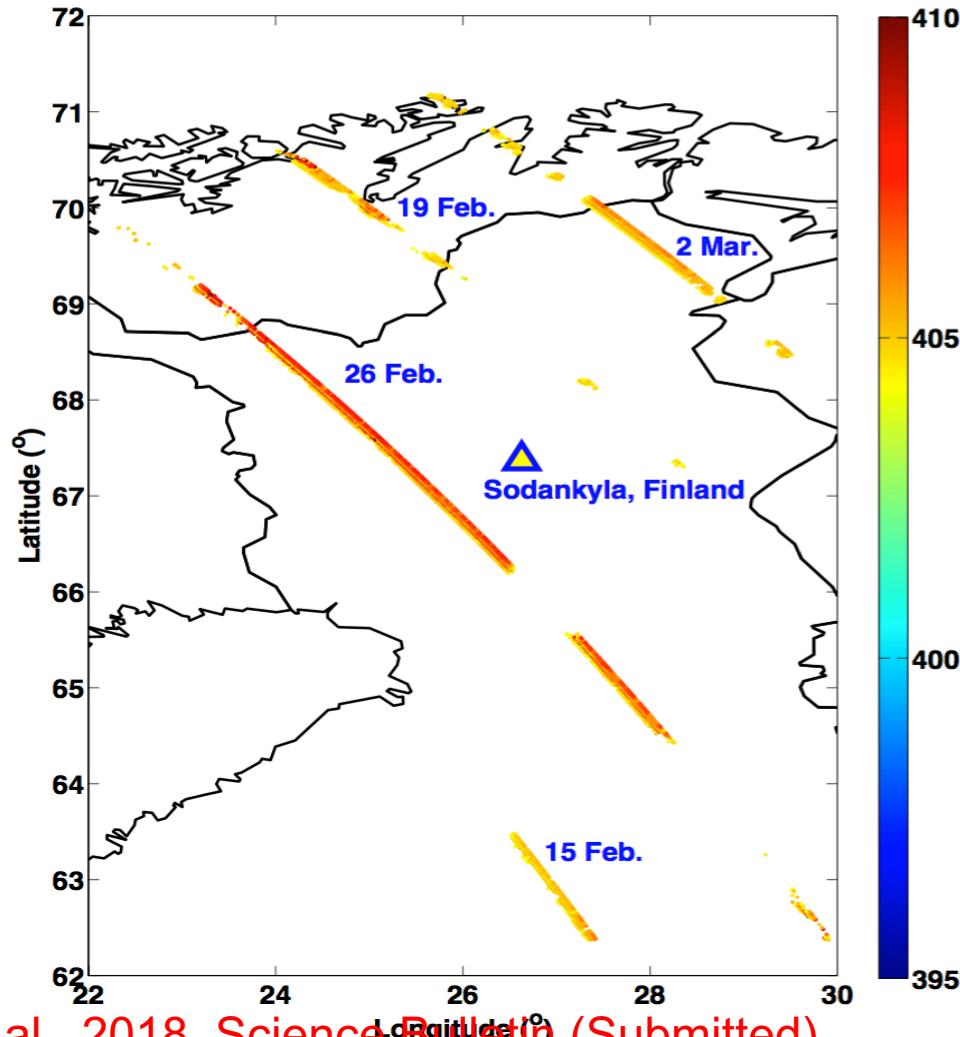
# Inter-comparison of TanSat XCO<sub>2</sub> with OCO-2



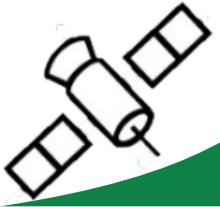
- OCO-2: NO. 14896
- TanSat: NO. 01739
- OCO-2 and TanSat shows a retrieval on a similar level of 395–410 ppm,
- The statistical results of TanSat indicates an average of 400.78 ppm and 397.38 ppm in the north and south sub-region while the OCO-2 is 400.38 ppm and 399.16 ppm.



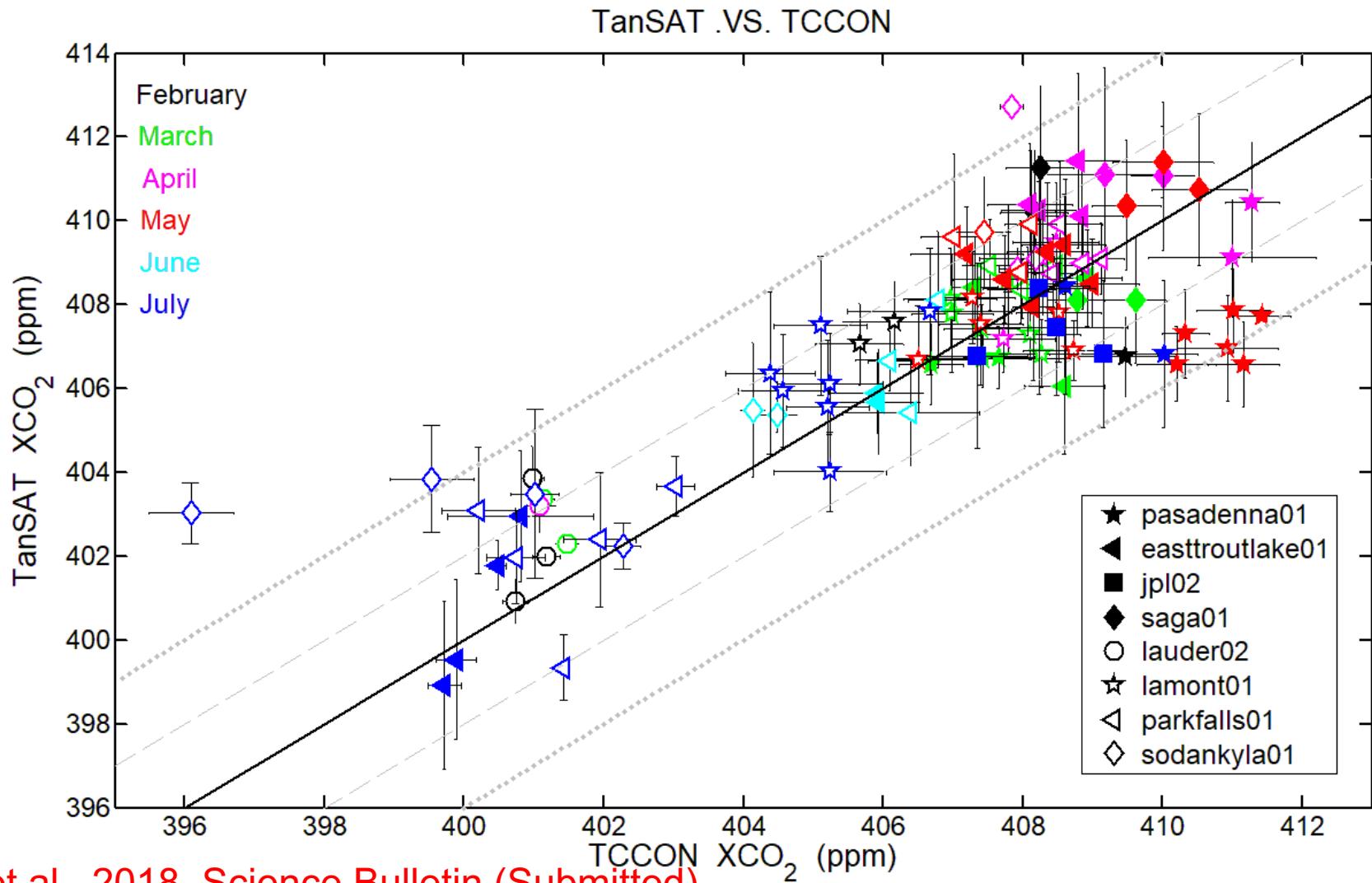
# Validation experiment against TCCON



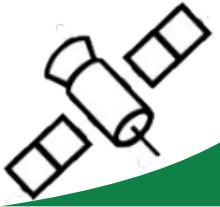
- 550km
- $\pm 2$  hours
- 4 orbits (15 Feb., 19 Feb., 26 Feb. and 2 Mar)
- not seriously contaminated by the cloud
- The statistic indicates an average of 405.43 ppm from TanSat measurements and 407.62 ppm for TCCON observations.



# Validation of TanSat XCO<sub>2</sub> with TCCON



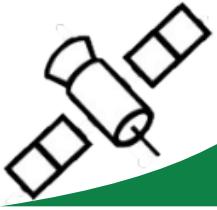
- 8 TCCON sites
- 6 months
- 550km,  $\pm 1\text{hour}$
- Bias
  - almost <4 ppm
- Precision
  - 1~3 ppm
- seasonal variation
  - March
  - July



# Validation of TanSat XCO<sub>2</sub> with TCCON

Site	Longitude	Latitude	Precision ( ppm )					
			February	March	April	May	June	July
Pasadena, CA	-118.13	34.14	2.71	0.71	1.46	3.71	--	2.27
East Trout Lake, Canada	-104.99	54.36	--	1.61	2.12	1.05	0.18	1.33
Saga, Japan	130.29	33.24	2.57	1.71	1.56	0.96	--	--
Lauder, New Zealand	169.68	-45.04	1.74	1.69	2.12	--	--	--
Lamont, OK, USA	-97.49	36.60	1.41	0.98	0.81	0.97	--	1.48
Park Falls, WI, USA	-90.27	45.94	--	0.78	0.72	1.88	1.01	1.72
Sodankyla, Finland	26.63	67.37	--	--	2.92	2.29	1.15	4.27
JPL	-118.18	34.20	--	--	--	--	--	1.30
Average			2.11	1.25	1.67	1.81	0.78	2.06

Liu et al., 2018, Science Bulletin (Submitted)

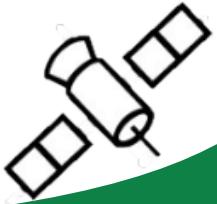


# SIF retrieval method

$$\vec{f}(F_s^{rel}, a) = \log(<\vec{I}_0 + F_s^{rel}>) + \sum_{i=0}^n a_i \cdot \lambda^i, \quad (\text{Frankenberg et al., 2011})$$
$$F = F^{rel} \cdot I_{cont}$$

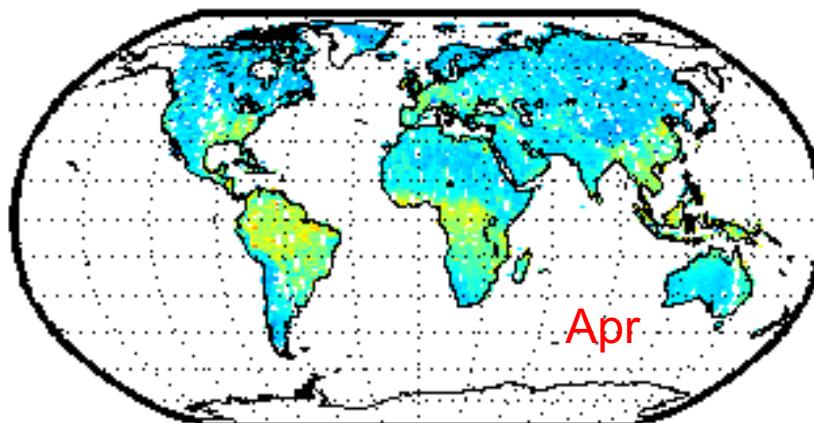
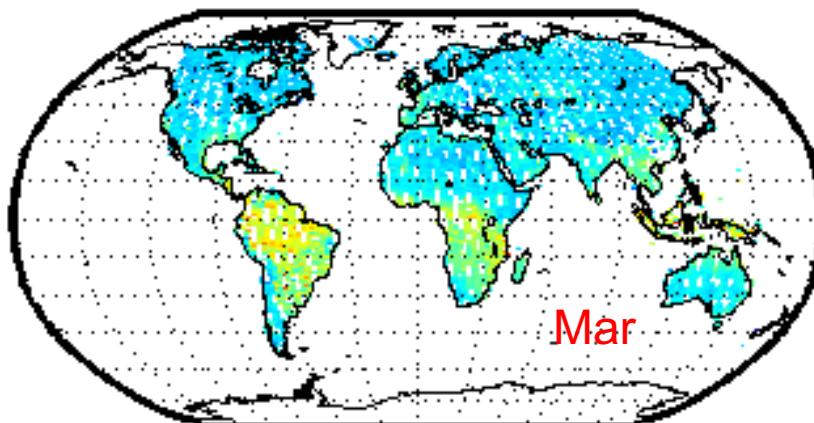
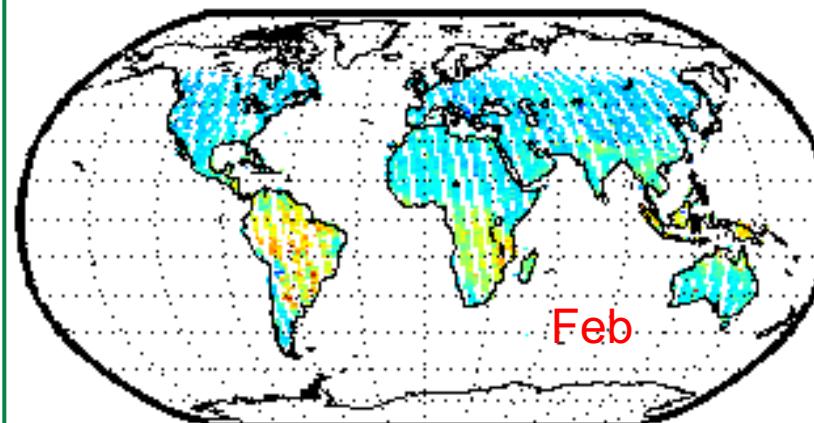
- Wavenumber: 12982~12988 cm<sup>-1</sup>
- A low-order polynomial to approximate the scattering and surface reflection terms

State vector element	note
Relative SIF	Relative contribution of SIF to continuum
OD scale	Scale of O <sub>2</sub> absorption
polynomial coefficient	Coefficient of the low-order polynomial
Wavenumber shift	Wavenumber shift caused by instrument movement

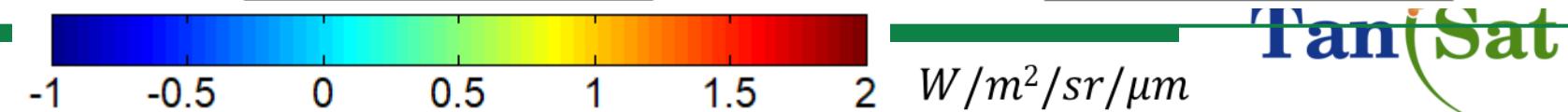
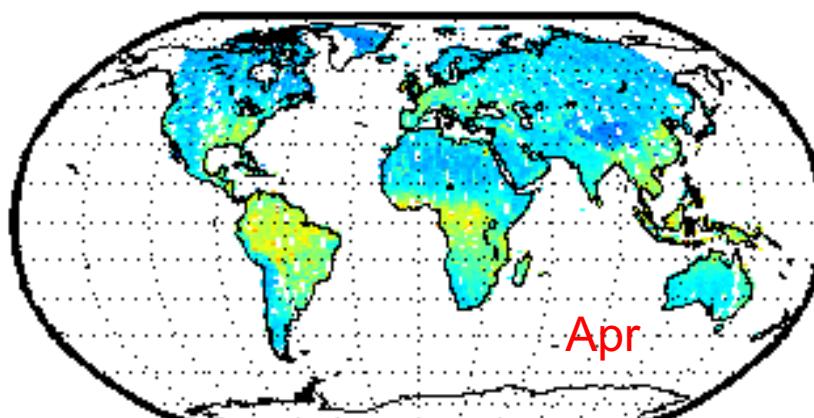
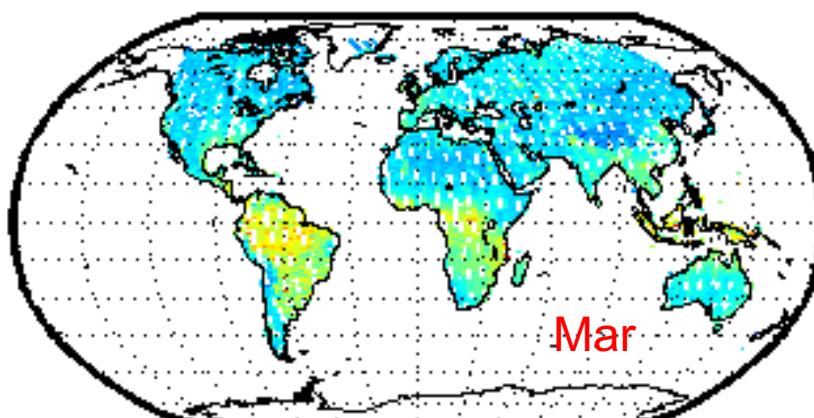
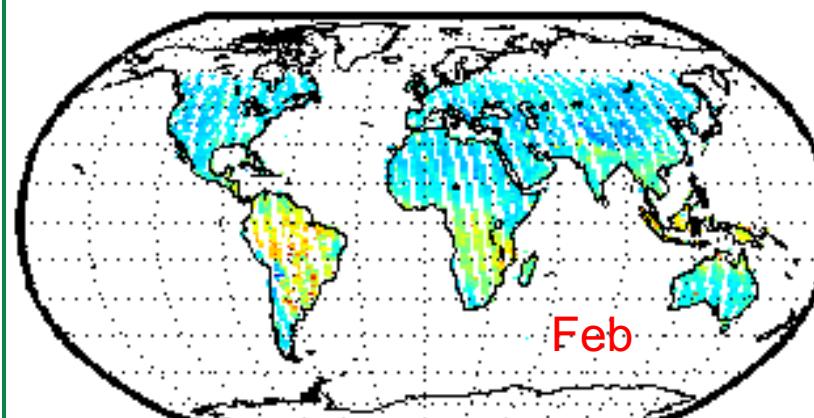


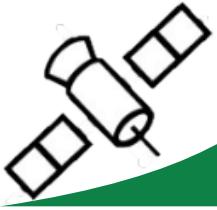
# Retrieval test with OCO-2

SIF from sif\_atango, after bias correction

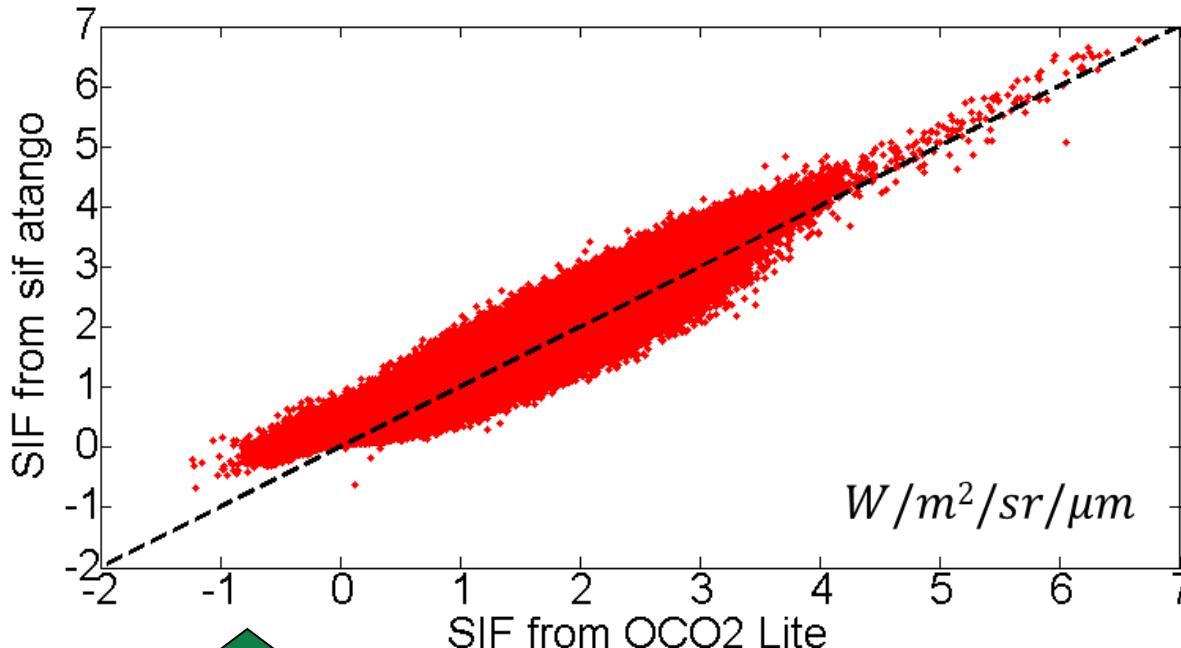


SIF from OCO2 Lite L2, after bias correction



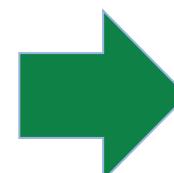


# Retrieval test with OCO-2



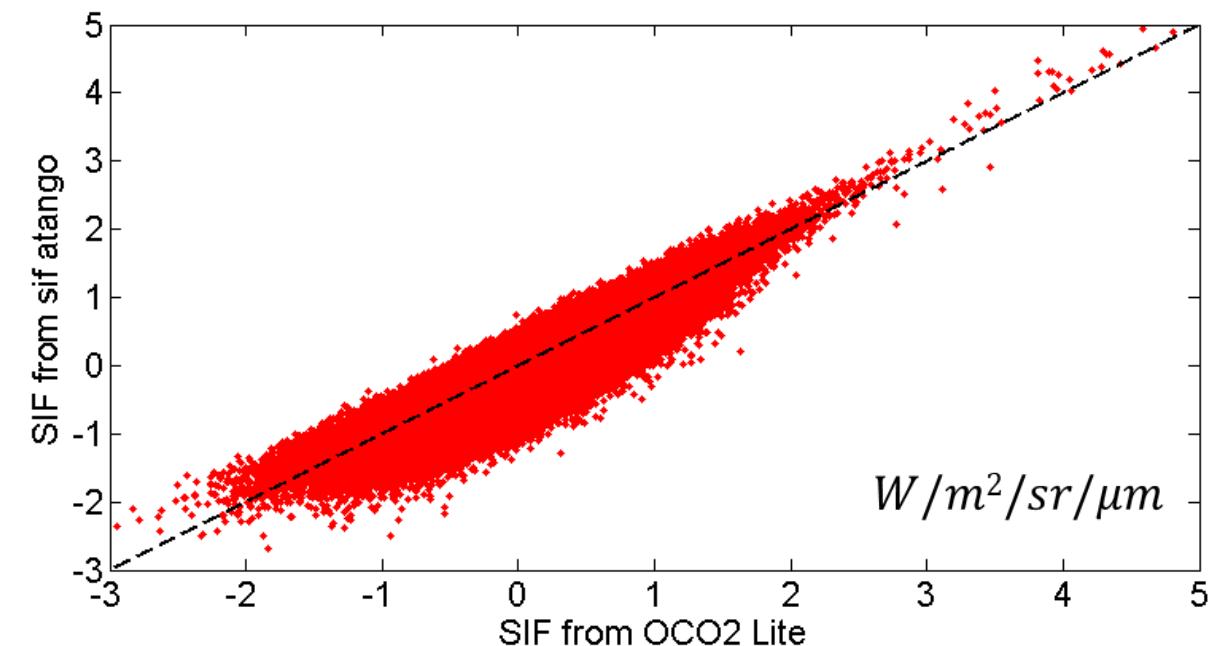
**Before bias correction**

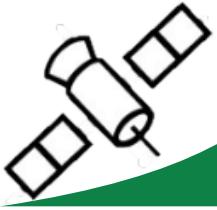
**After bias correction**



## Scatter plot inter comparison

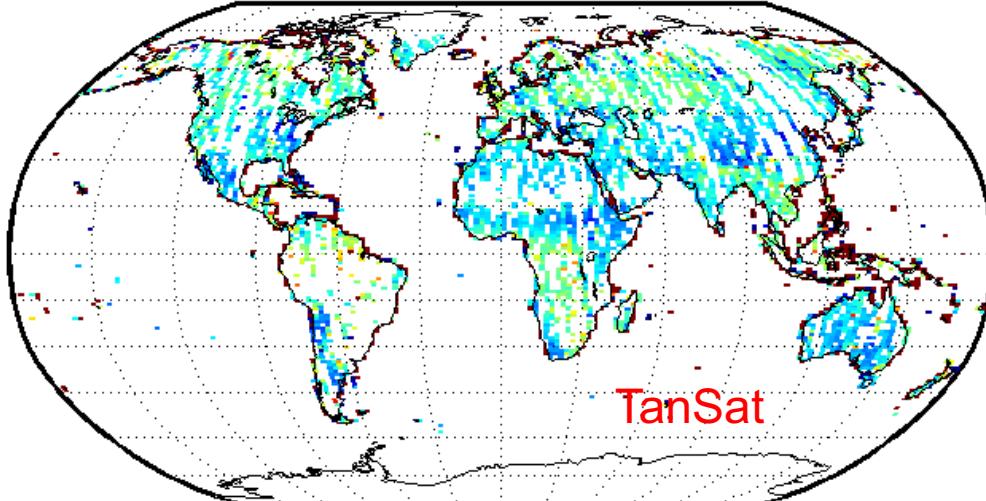
- 3 months for scatter plot
- Feb, Mar, Apr



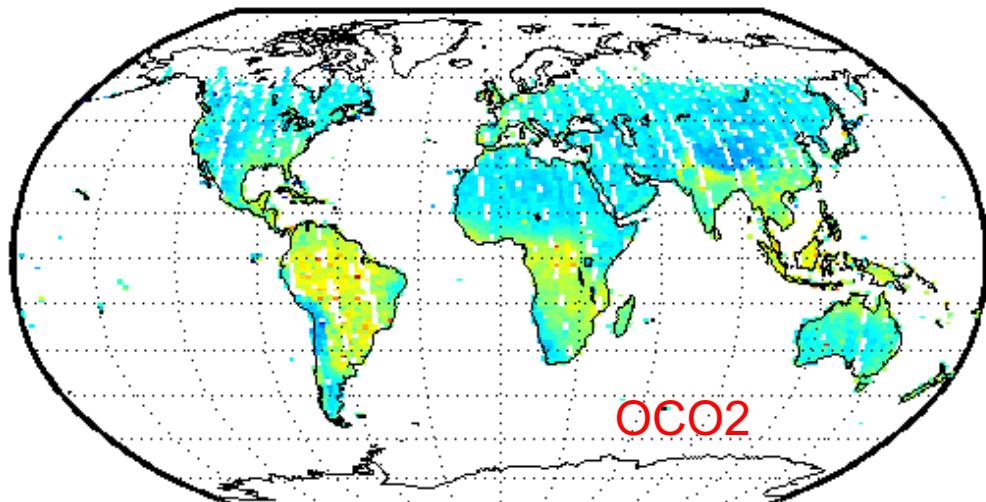
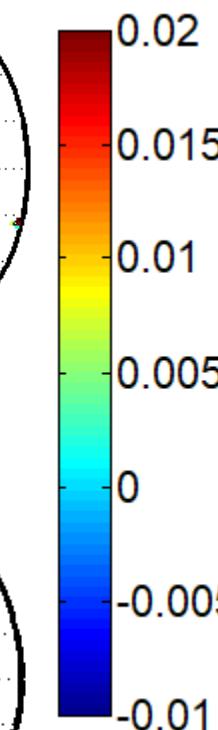


# Inter comparison: SIF from TanSat & OCO-2

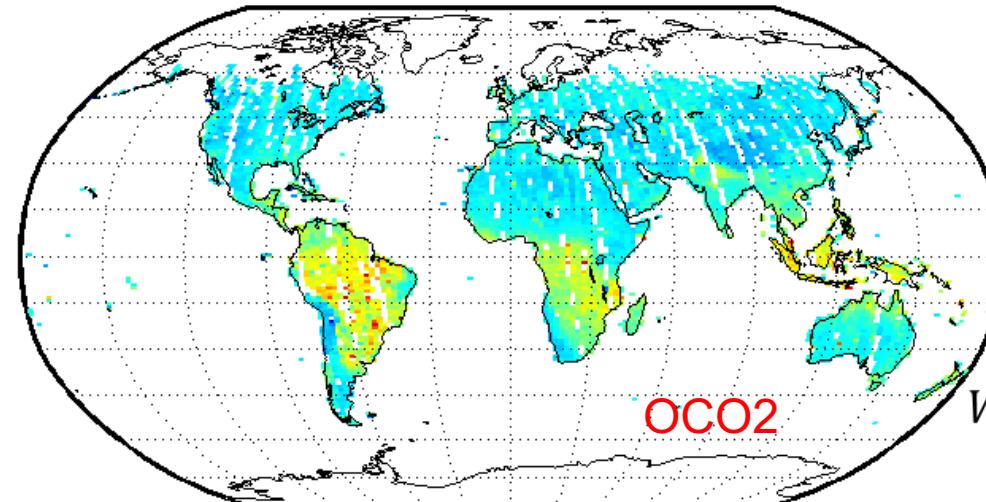
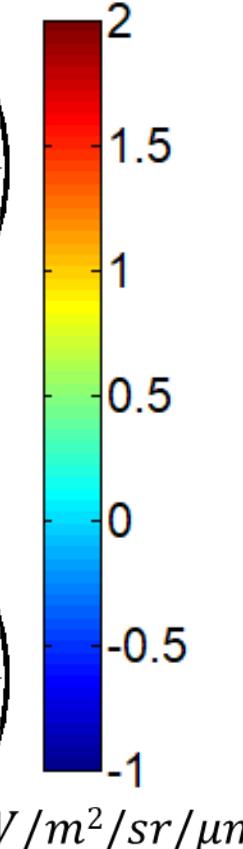
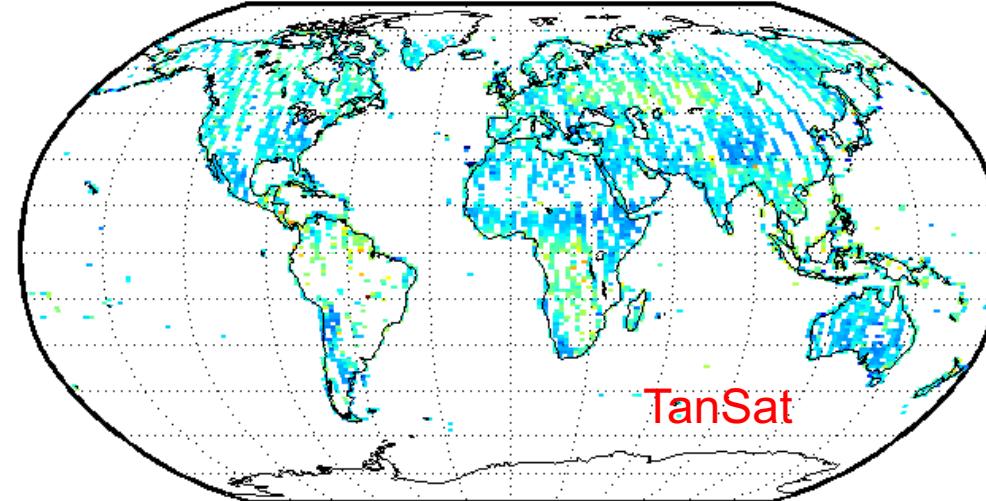
Relative SIF

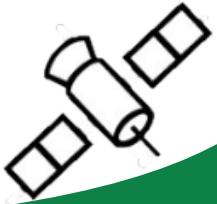


May. 2017

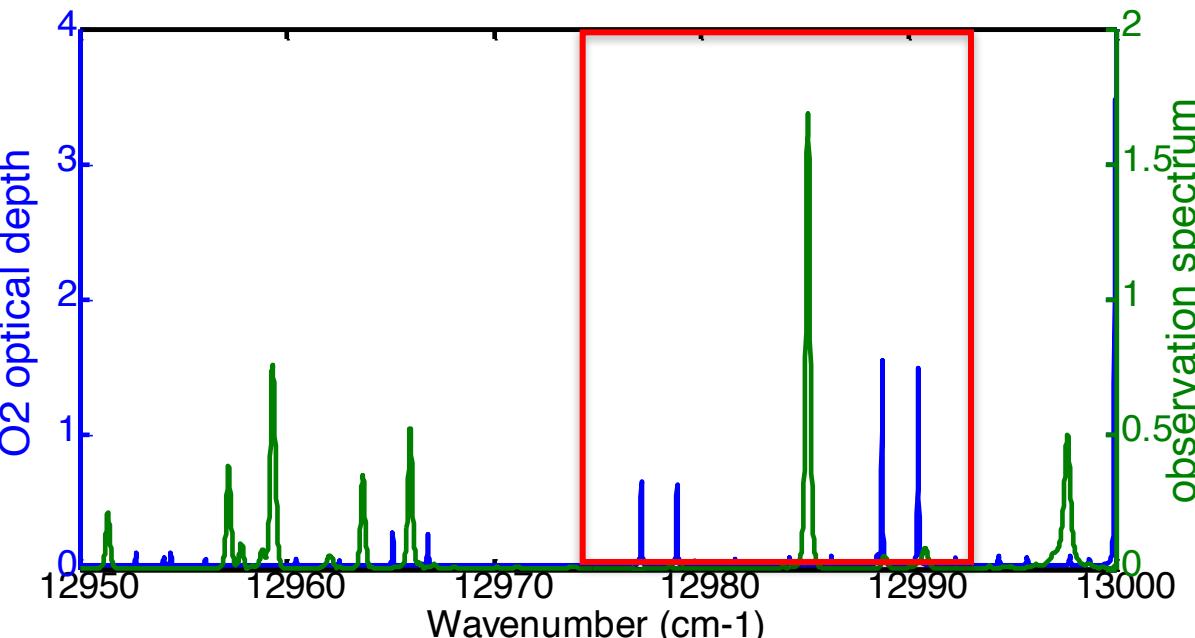


SIF

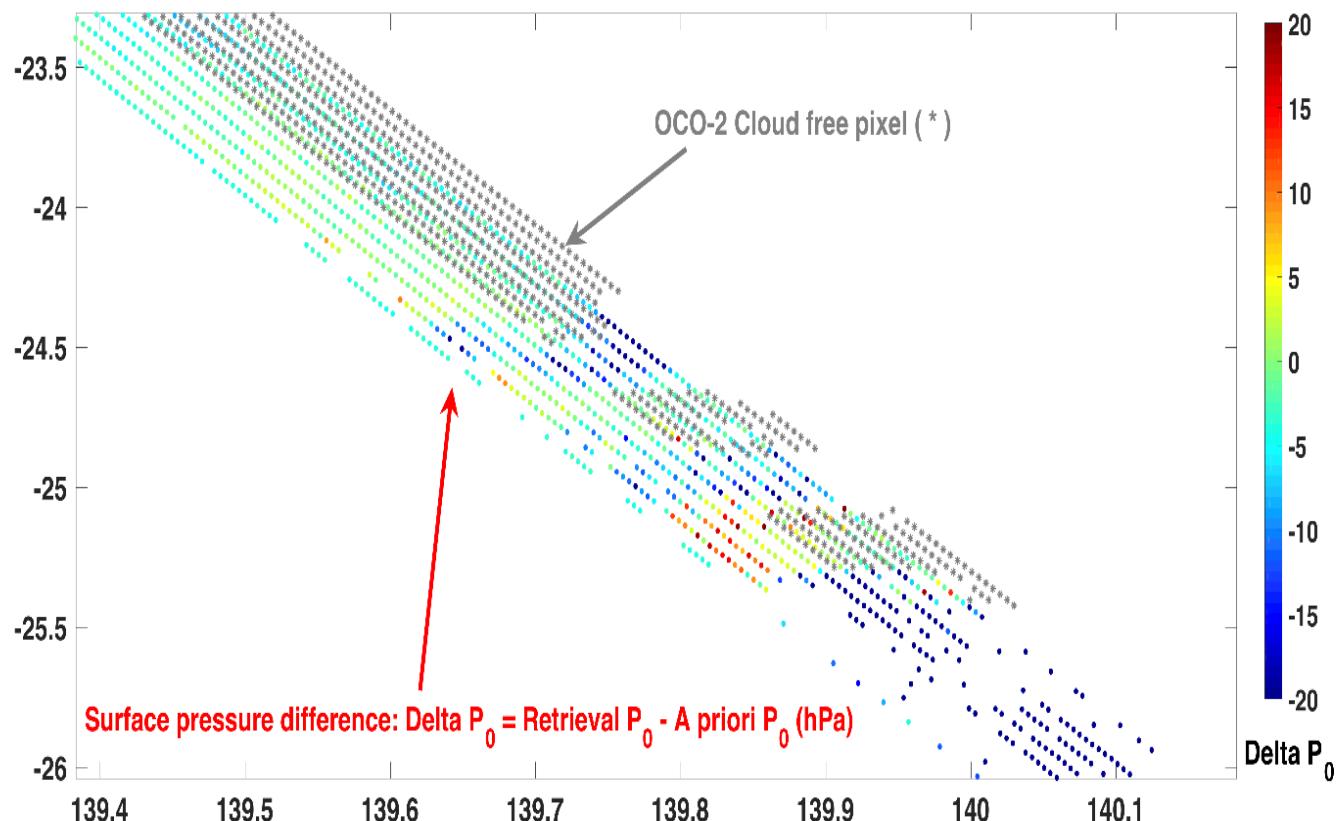


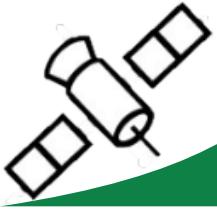


# Case of Cloud Screening test

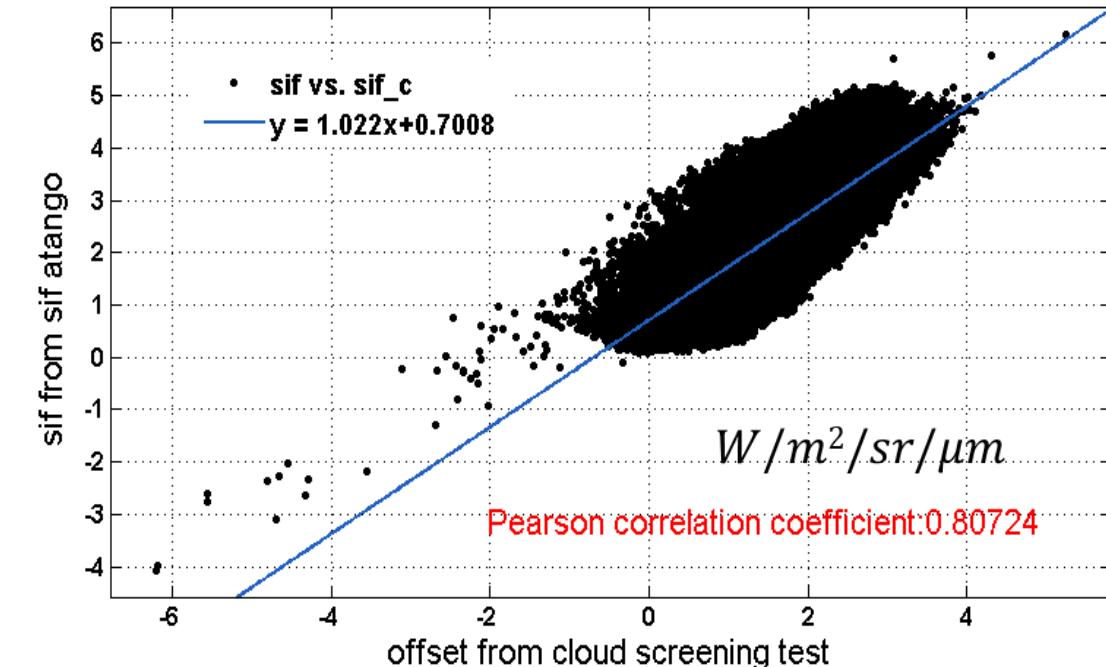
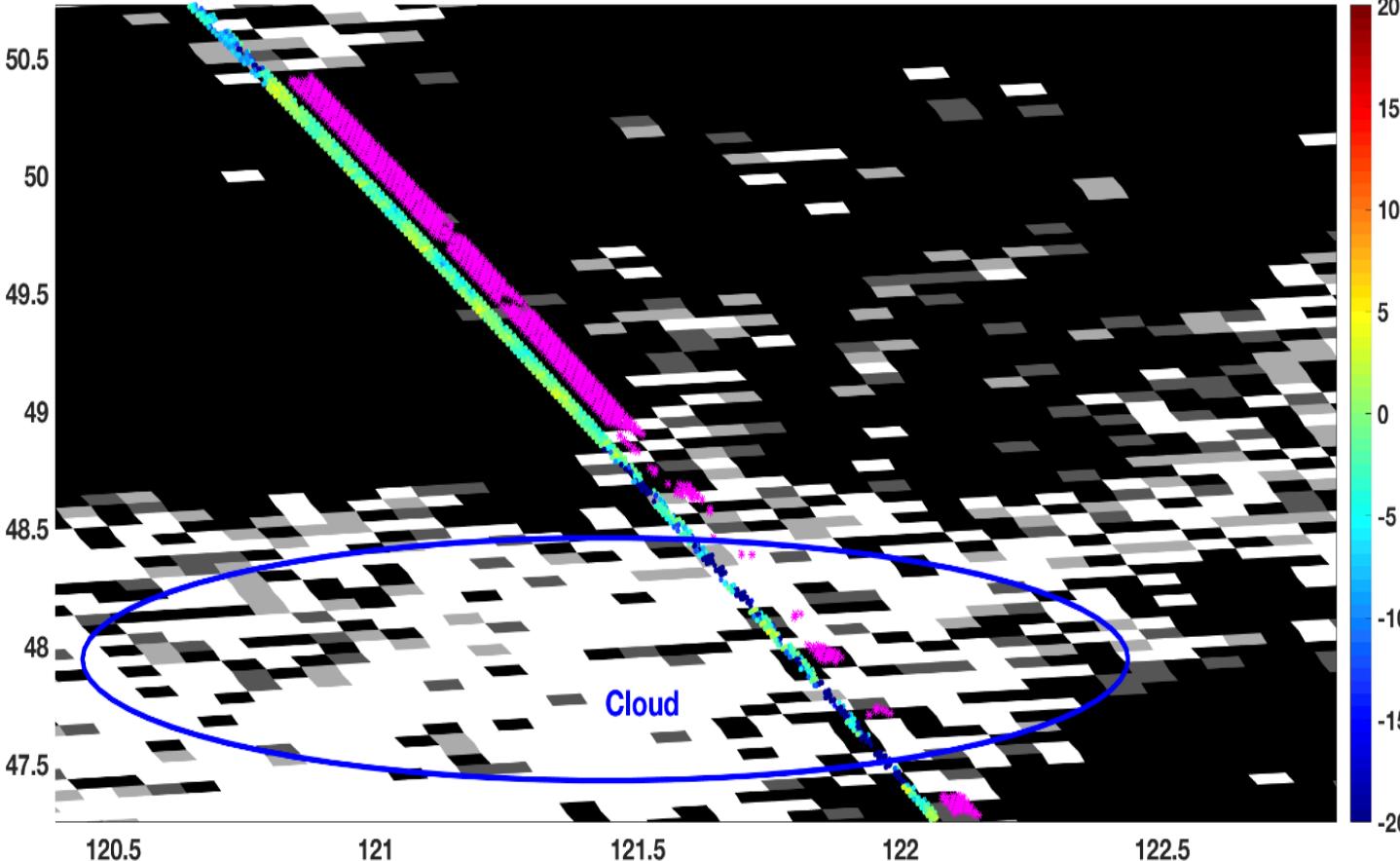


- **Wavenumber : 12950-12970 cm<sup>-1</sup>**
- **Cover a Fraunhofer line**
- **Abs( $\Delta p$ ) < 20**

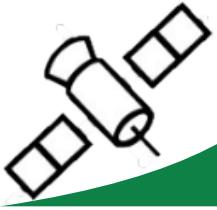




# Case of Cloud Screening test



- Strong correlation between offset from cloud screening and sif



# Summary

**1**

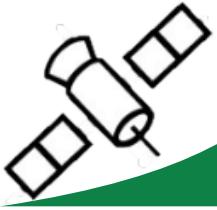
The inter comparison study between ATANGO and NIES-FP, ACOS, UoL and RemoTeC has been carried out.

**2**

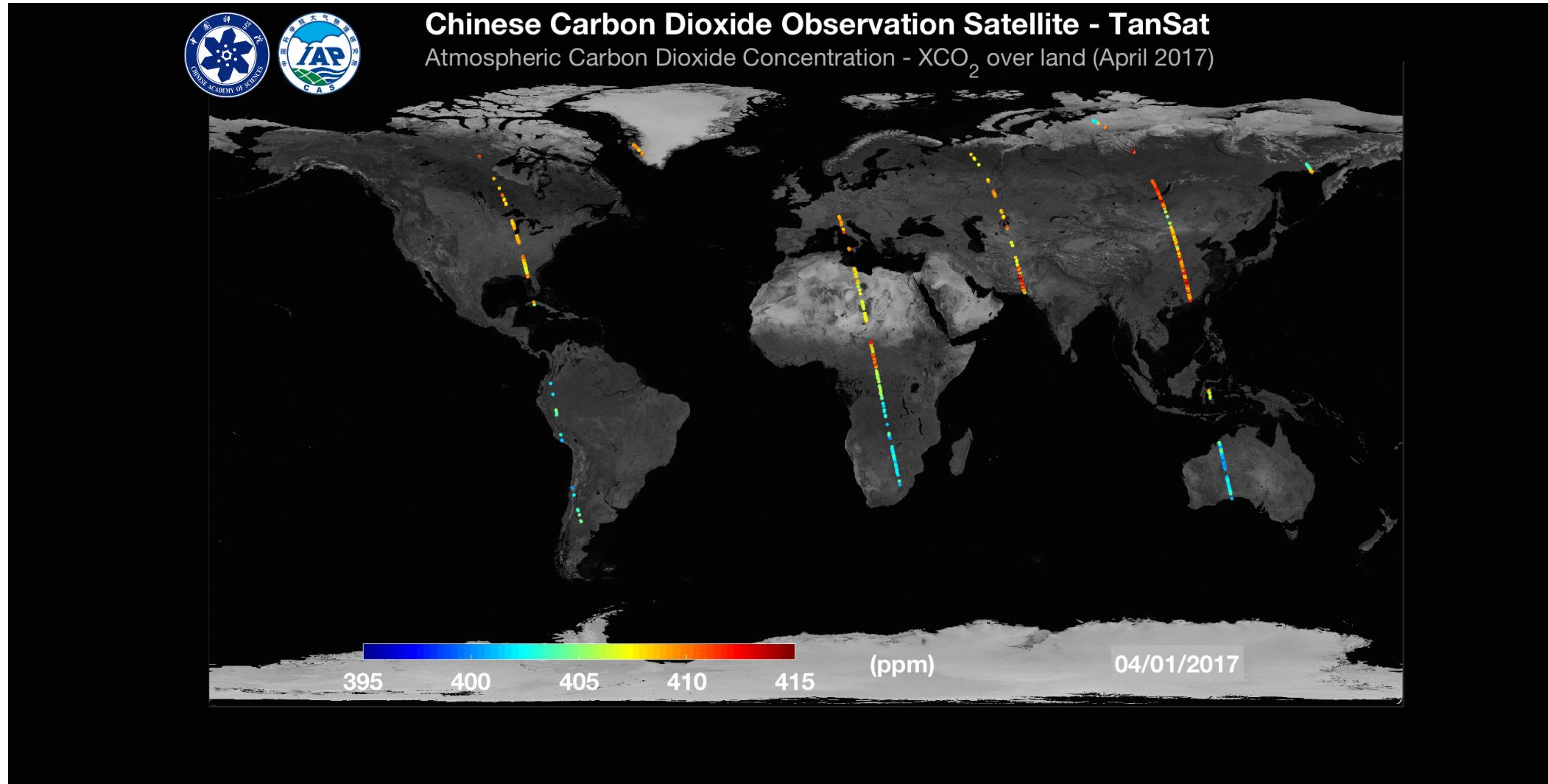
Retrieval of sif from TanSat measurements and the inter comparison of TanSat sif with OCO2 products has been completed.

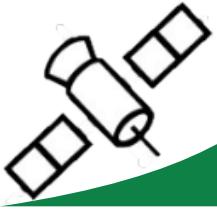
**3**

TanSat preliminary retrieval and validation of XCO2 has been studied and more retrieval work will be continued in future.

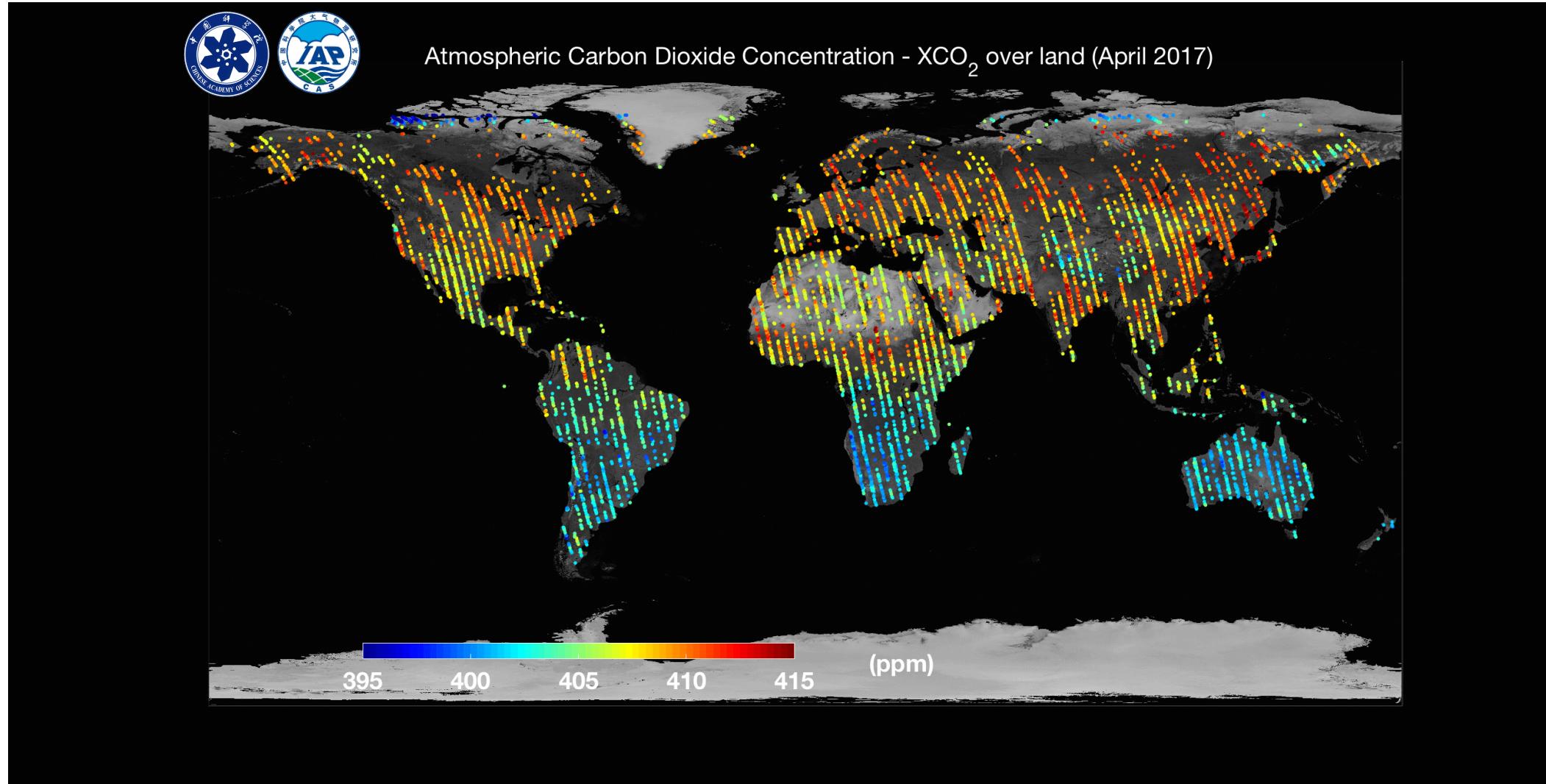


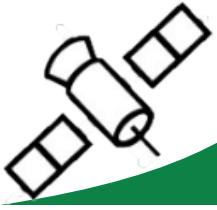
# TanSat: XCO<sub>2</sub>\_April





# TanSat & OCO-2: XCO<sub>2</sub>\_April





## Acknowledgements

*We would like to thank GOSAT and OCO-2 program and TCCON for providing the observation data. And we also would like to thank ACOS, GOSAT, RemoTeC and UoL scientific research team for the valuable suggestion and recommendation.*



Thanks for your attention !



NRSCC  
Nsse

TanSat

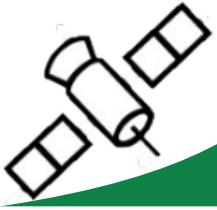
microsat  
上海微小卫星工程中心  
Shanghai Engineering Center for Microsatellites

中科院长光机所  
CIOMP

NSMC

IAP  
CAS

PEKING UNIVERSITY  
1898



# supply

Tansat bias function

